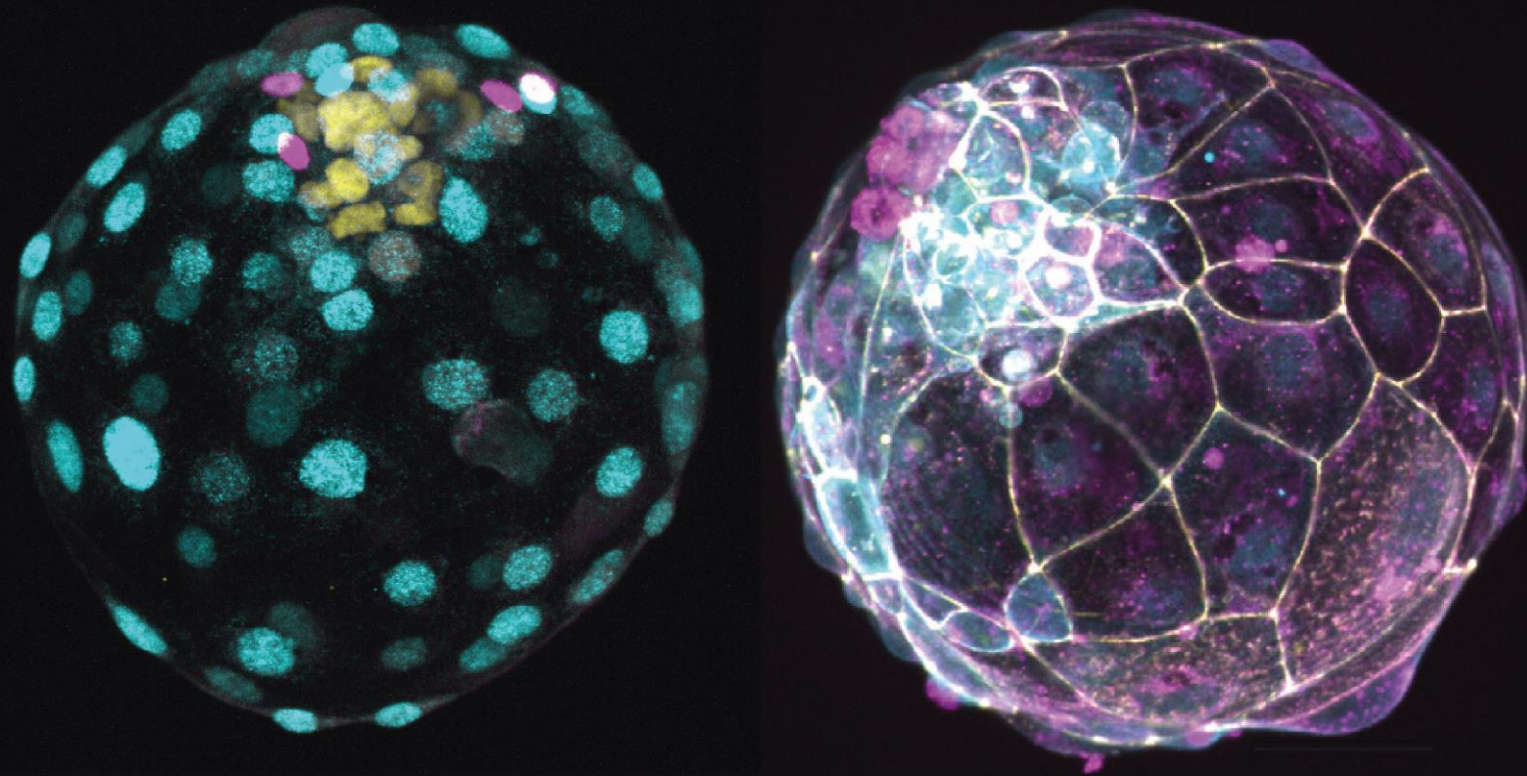
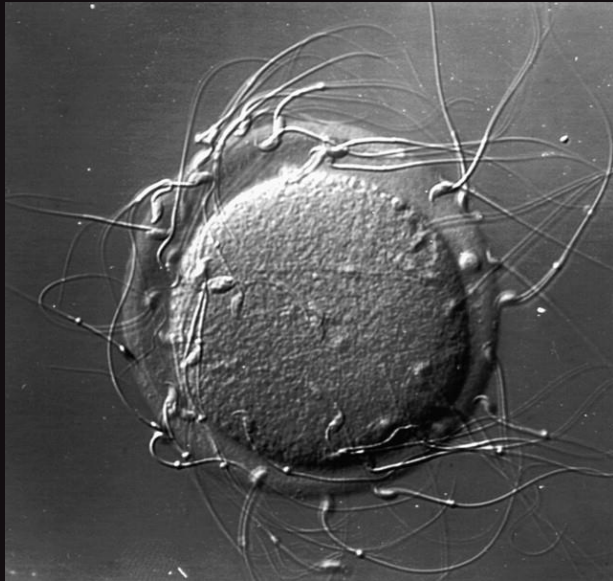


Embryo models formed from stem cells



3 paths to forming embryos

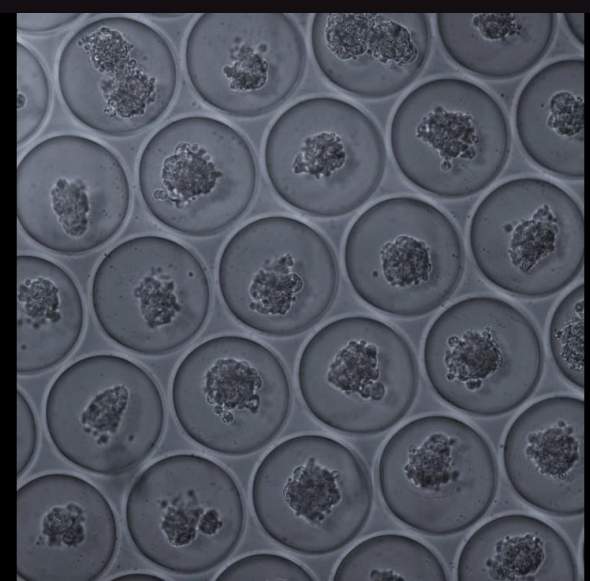
Fertilization



Somatic cell nuclear transfer



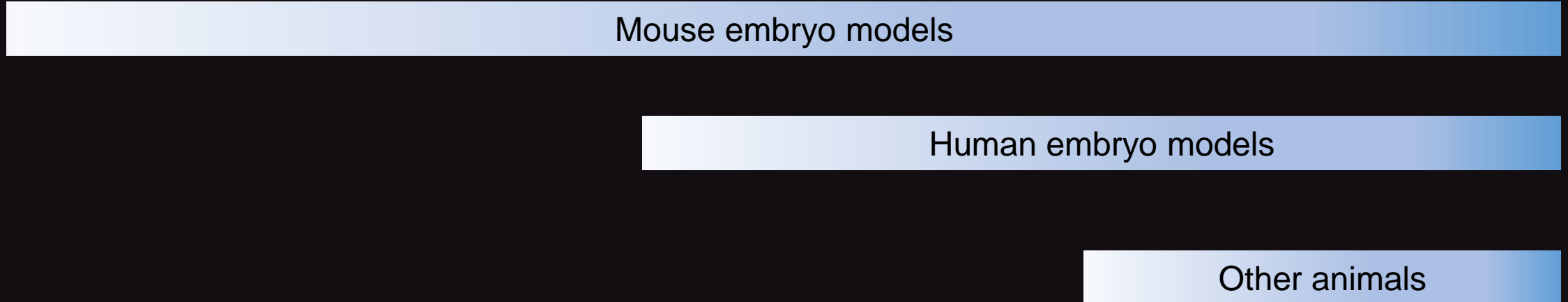
Self-organization of stem cells



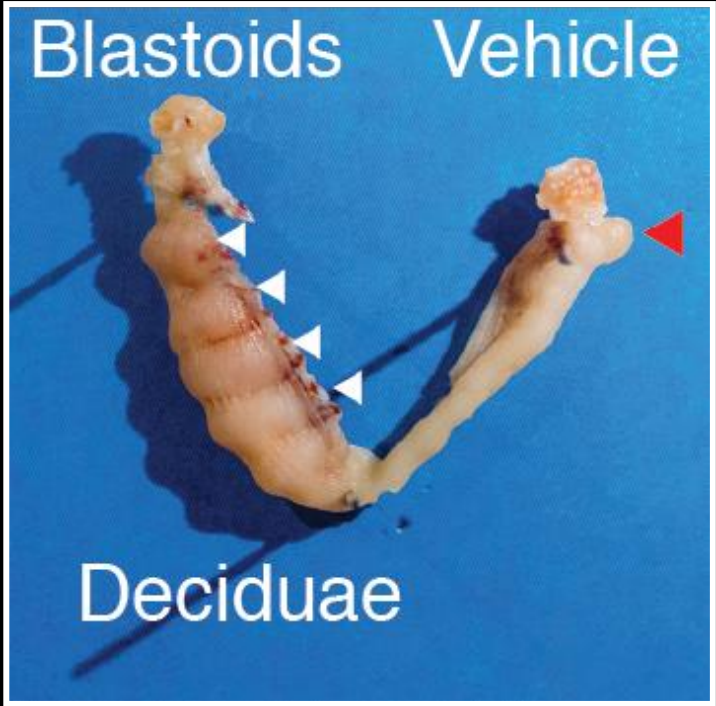
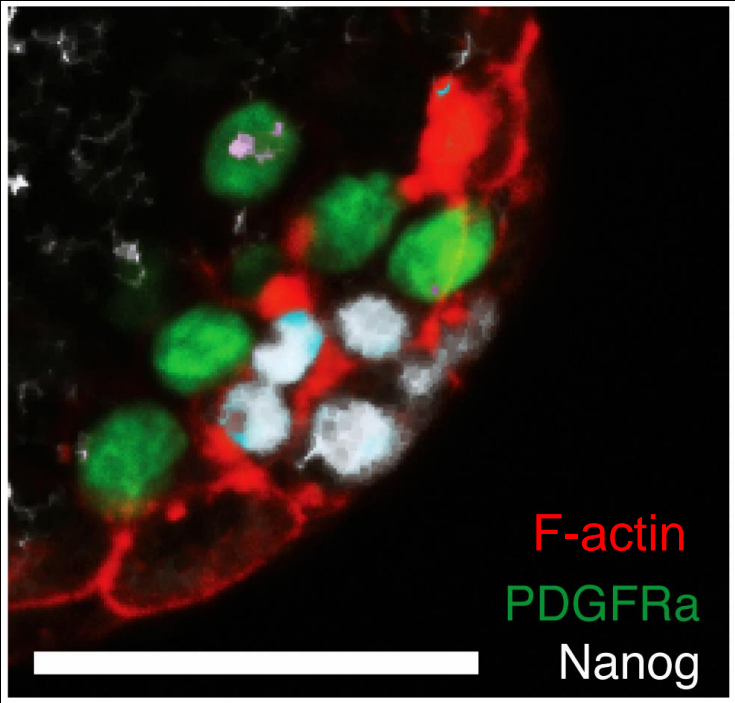
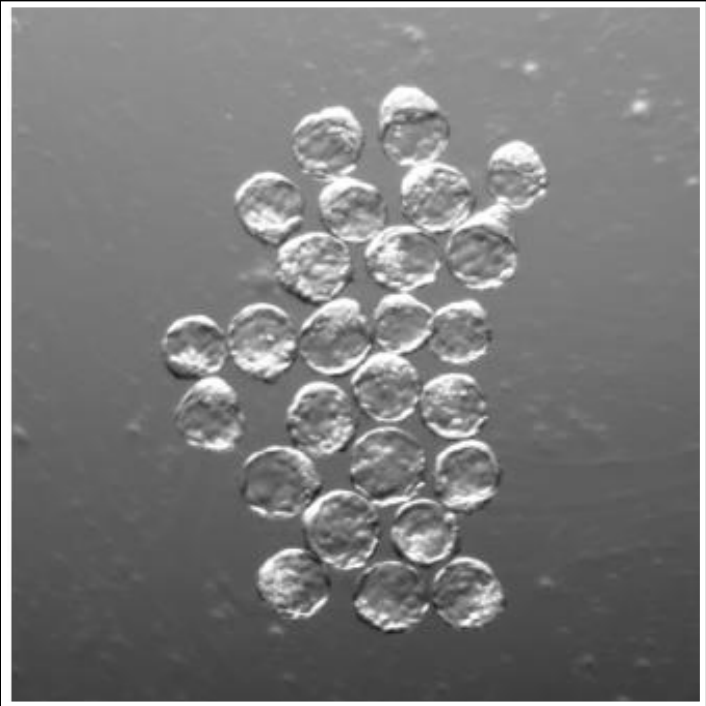
Embryo models: a gradual formation over time

2000

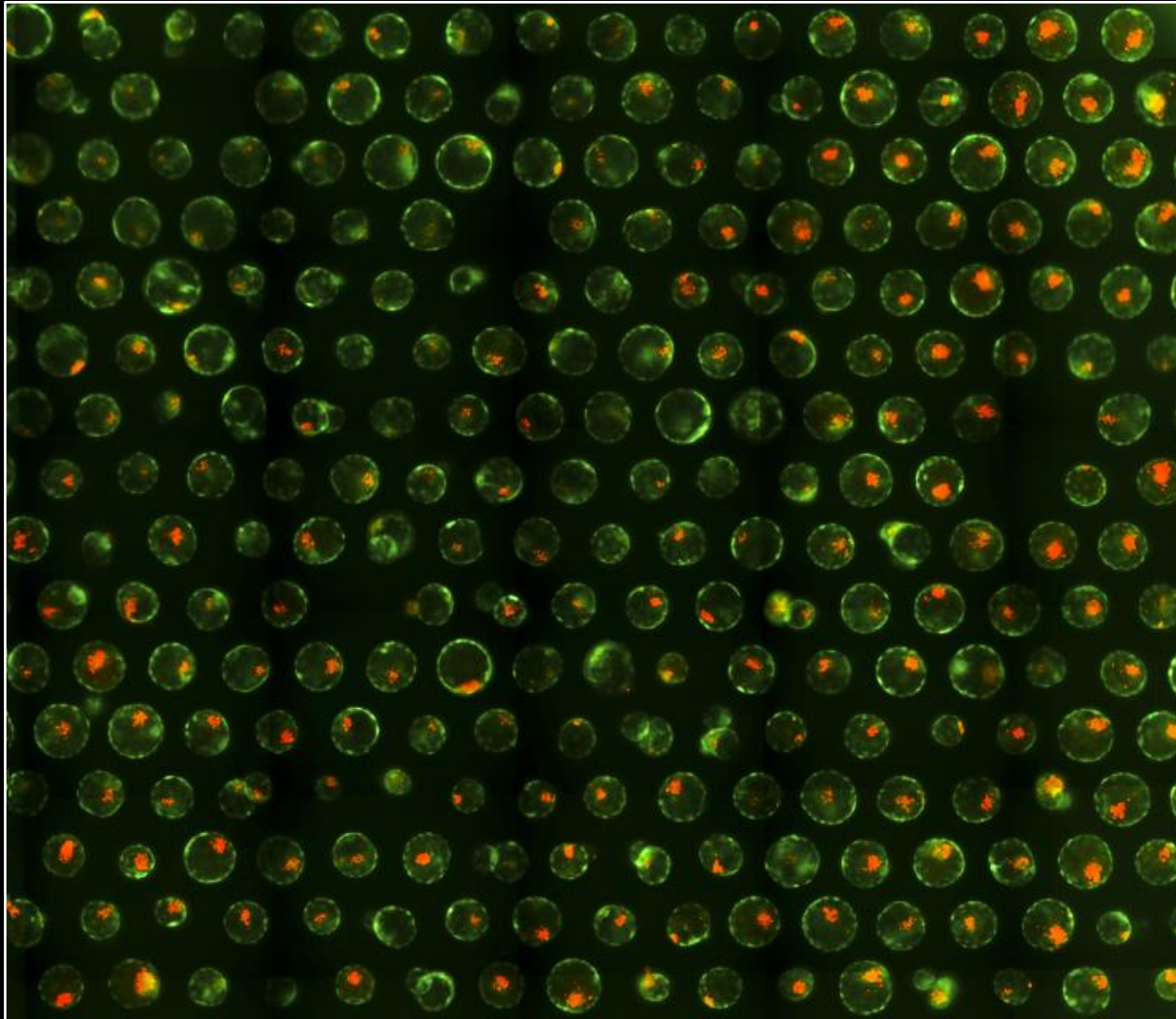
2020



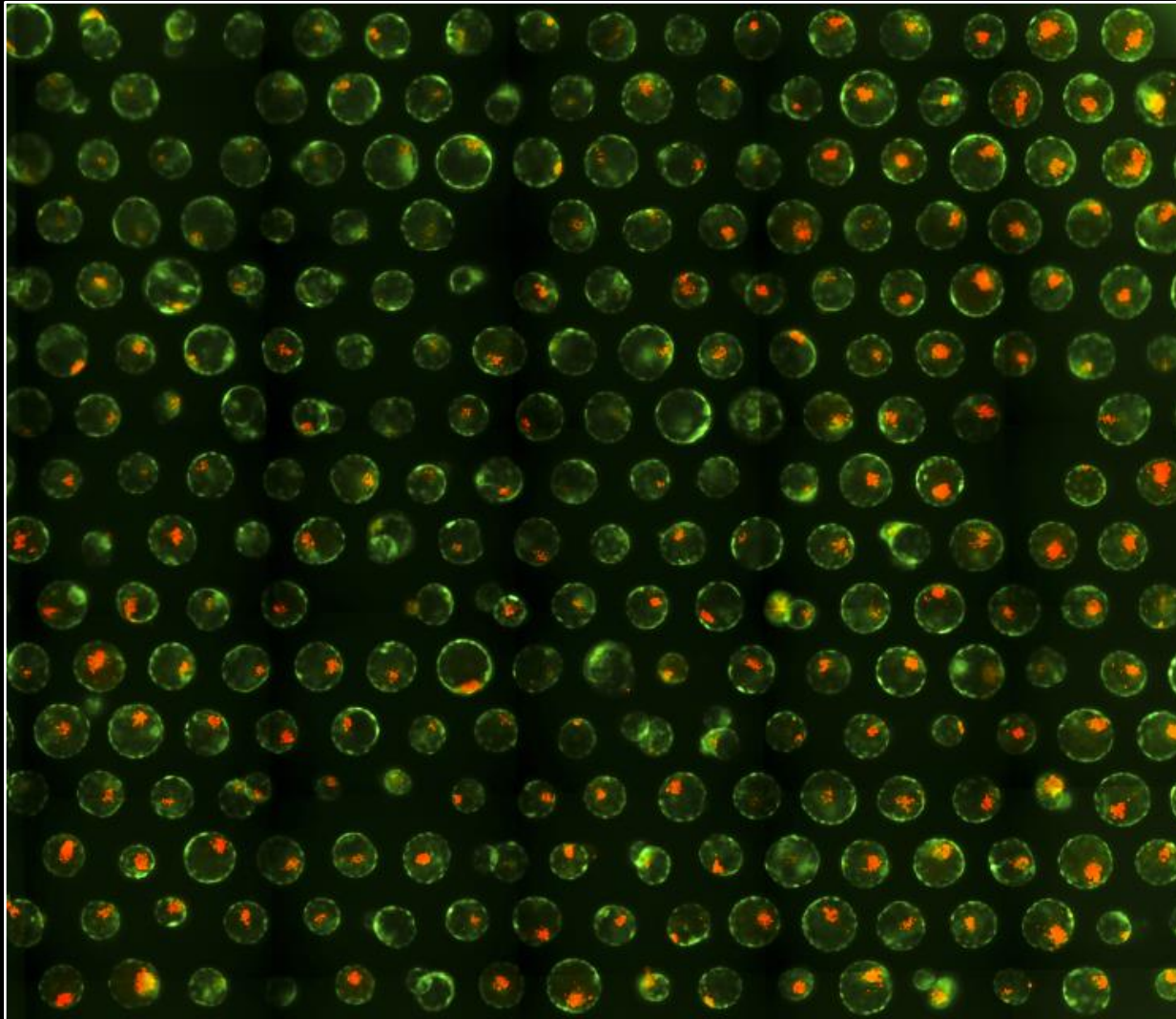
Mouse blastoids model the whole conceptus and uterus implantation



Mouse blastoids can be generated in infinite numbers

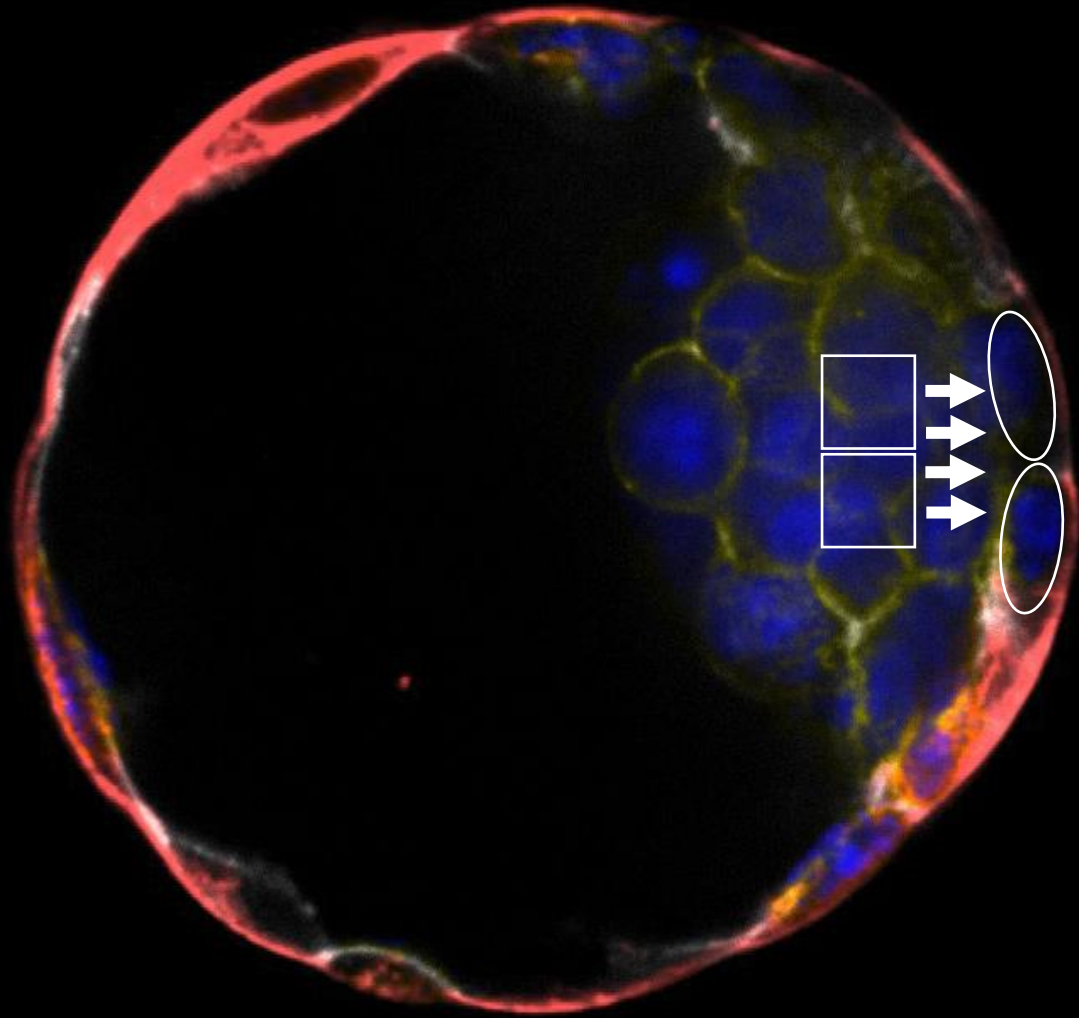


Mouse blastoids can be generated in infinite numbers

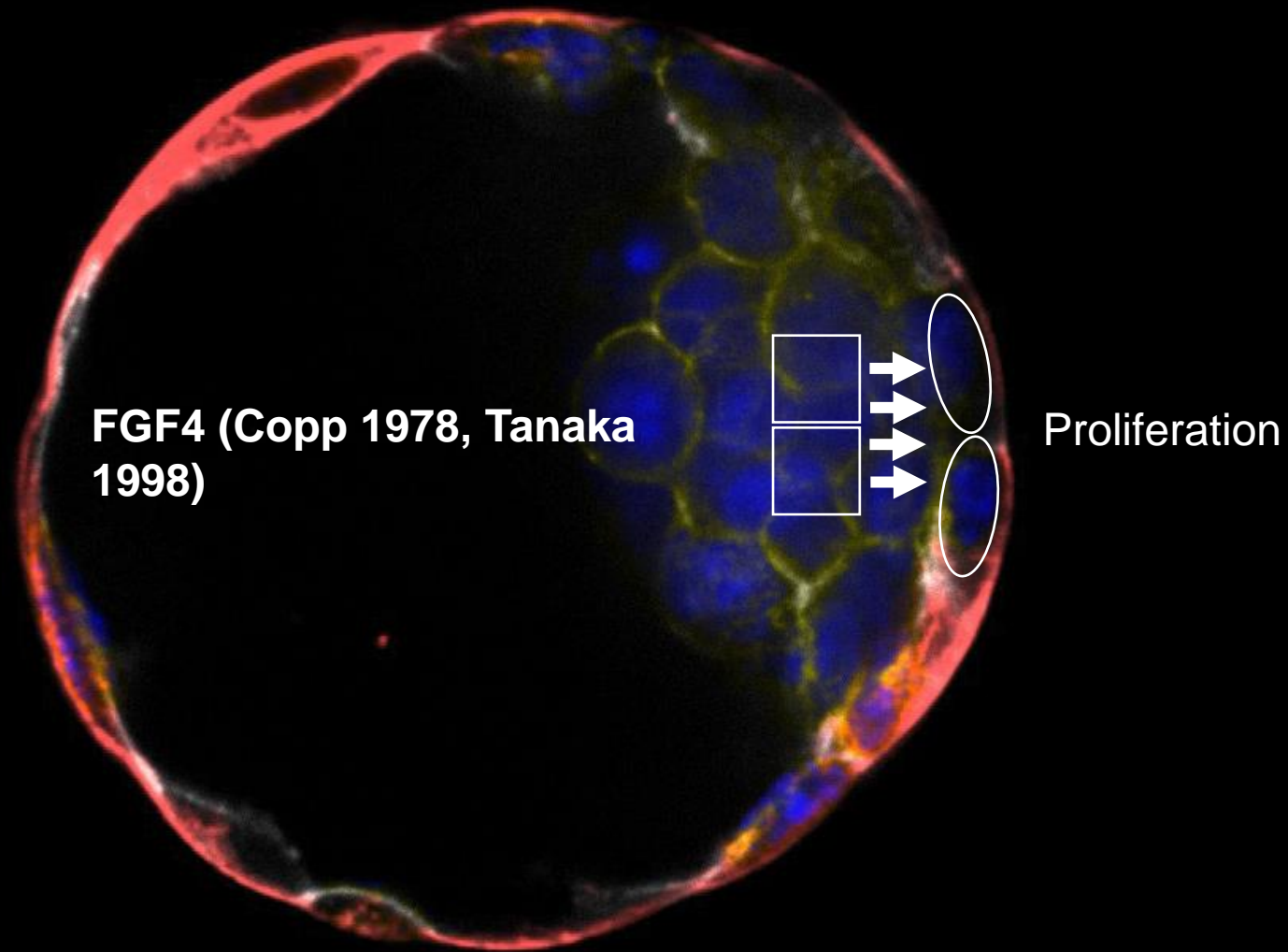


- Optimization of IVF media
- Toxicity test for IVF media and devices
- Optimizing blastocyst vitrification/thawing
- Training on manipulation in IVF clinics
- Drug screens and drug development

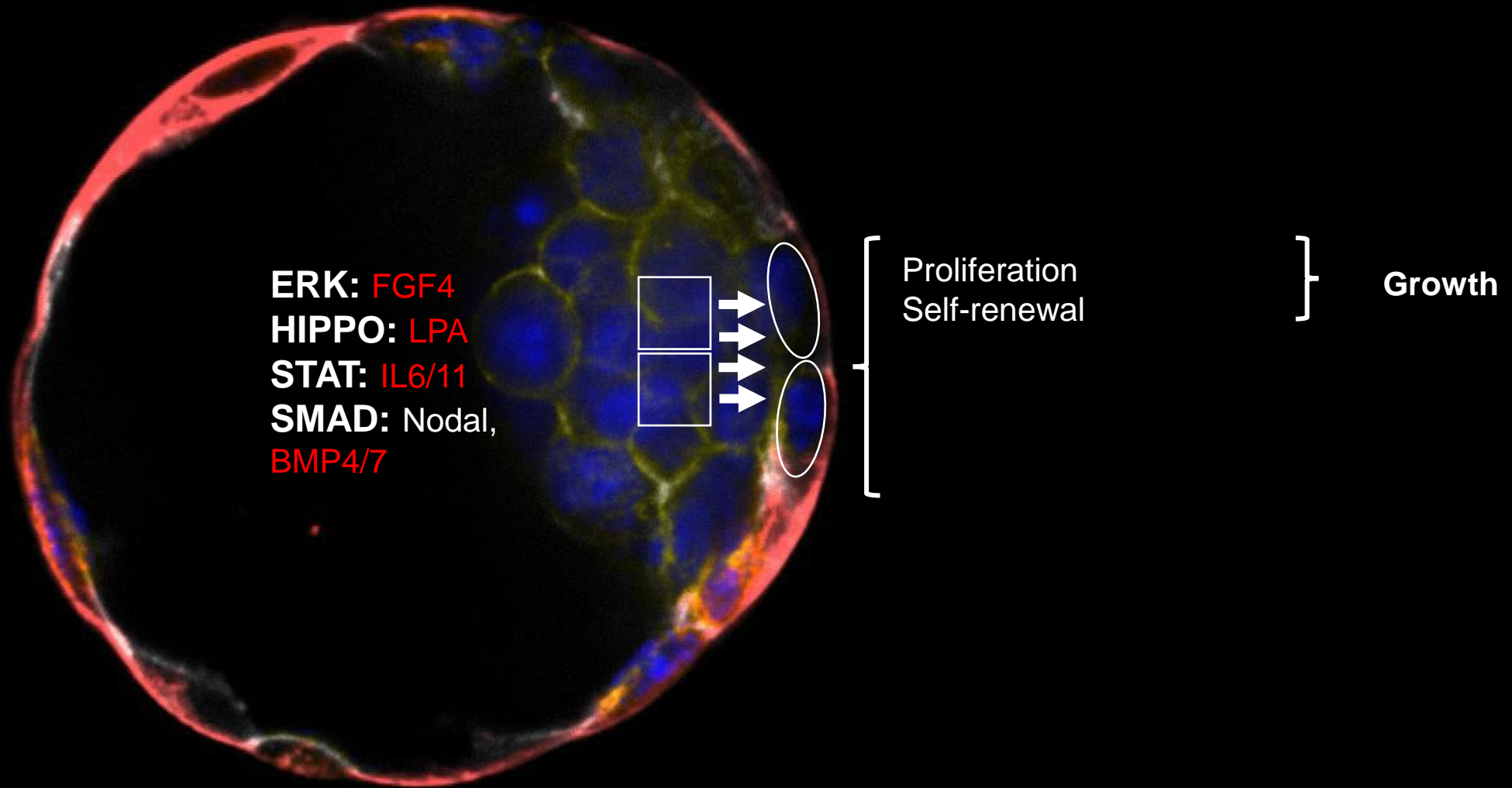
Embryonic inductions for positional information



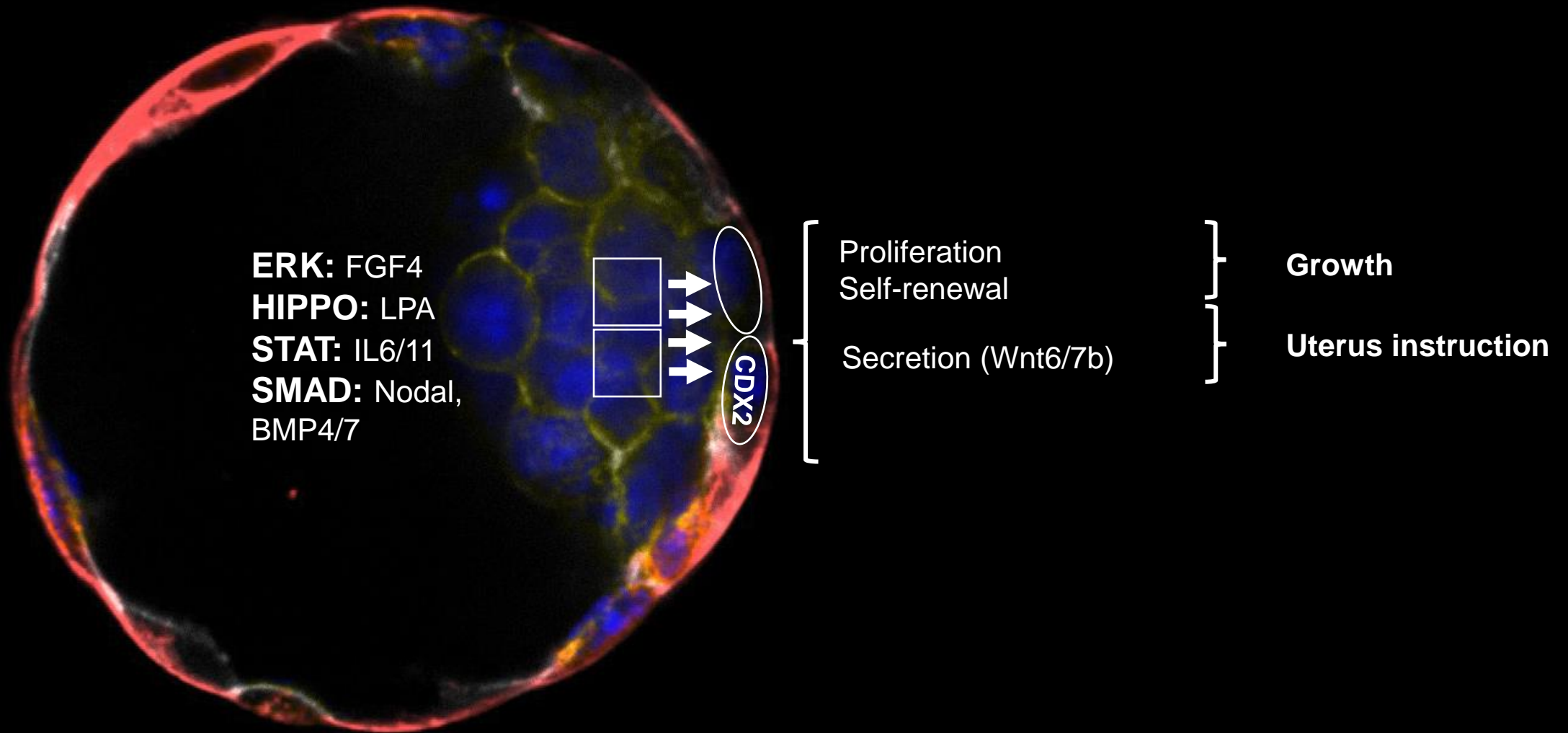
Embryonic inductions for positional information



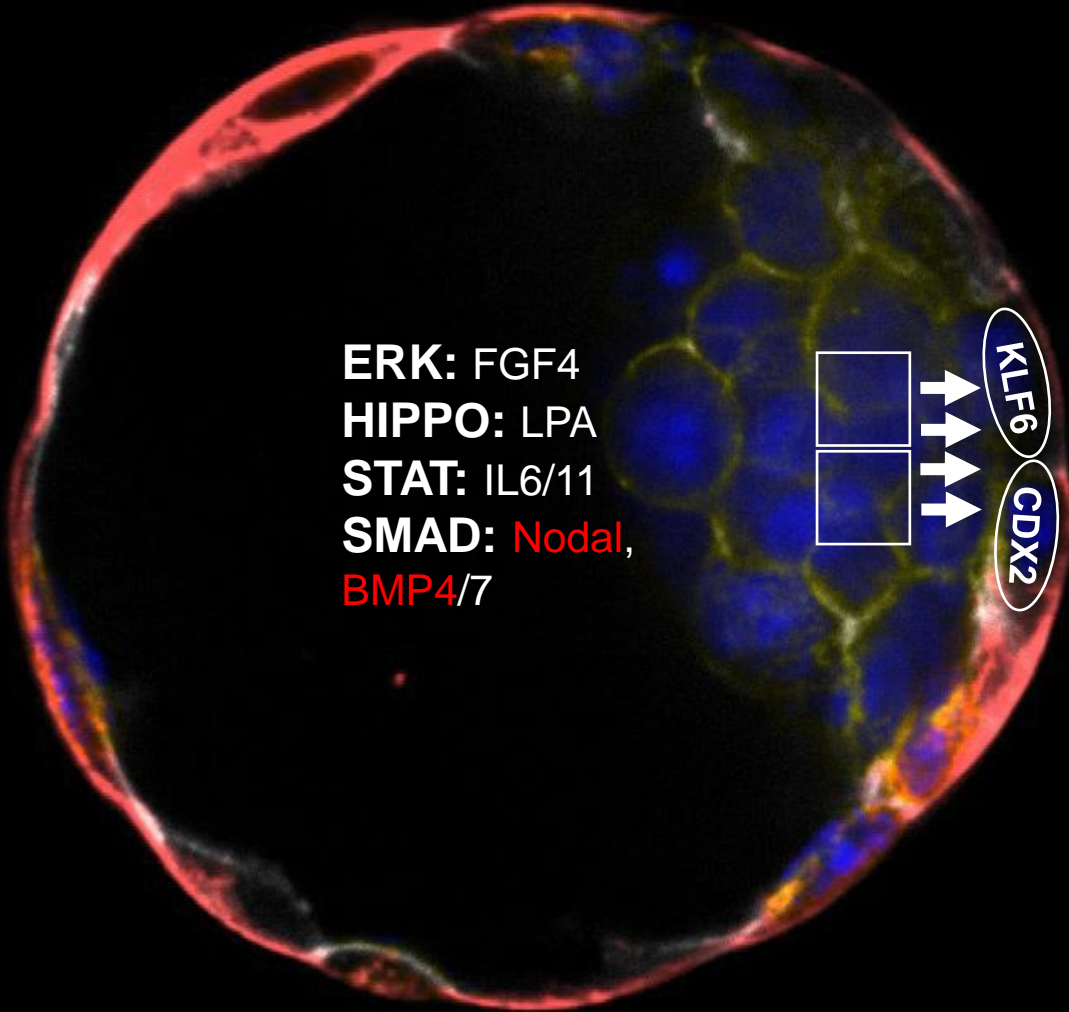
Embryonic inductions for positional information



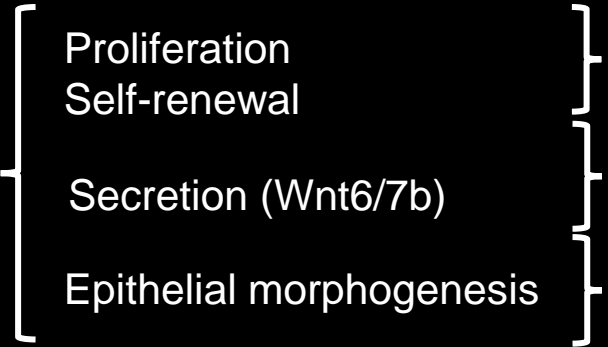
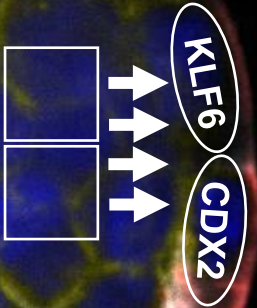
Embryonic inductions for positional information



Embryonic inductions for positional information



ERK: FGF4
HIPPO: LPA
STAT: IL6/11
SMAD: Nodal,
BMP4/7



Proliferation
Self-renewal

Secretion (Wnt6/7b)

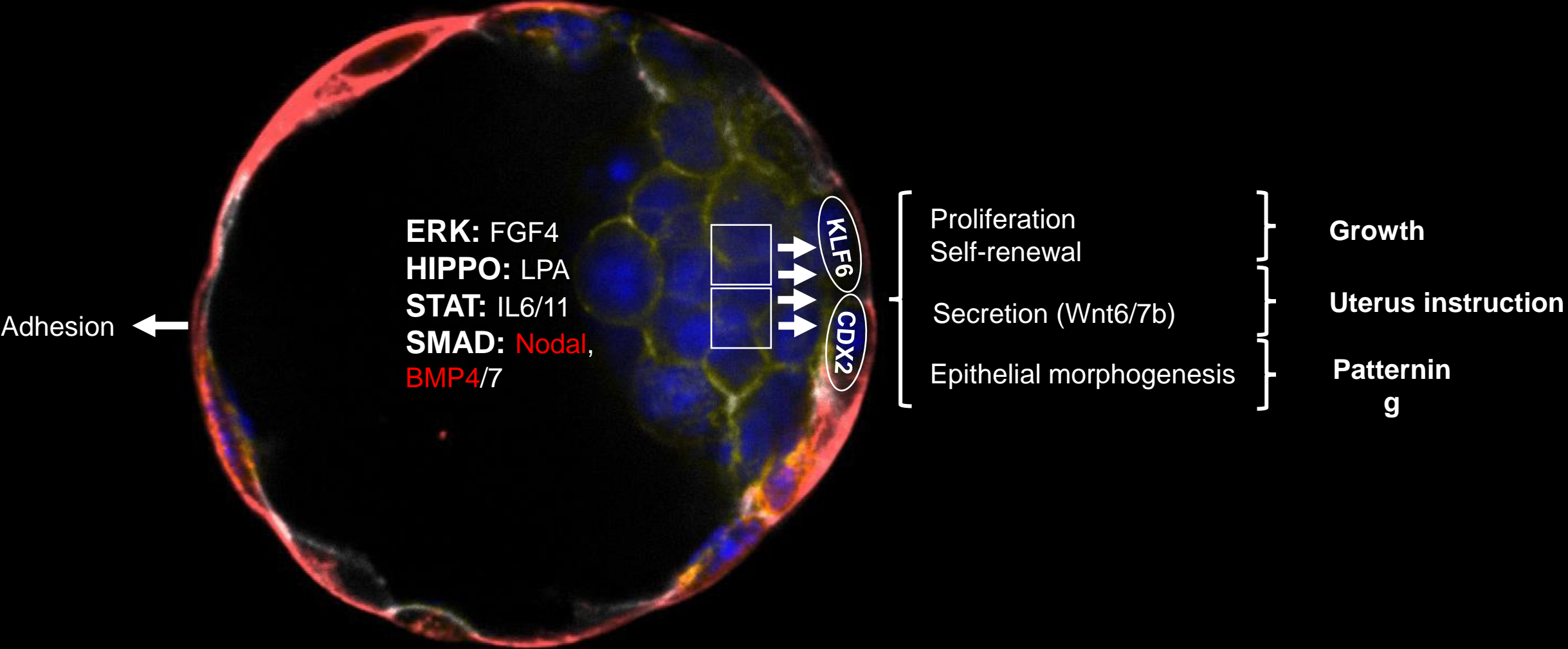
Epithelial morphogenesis

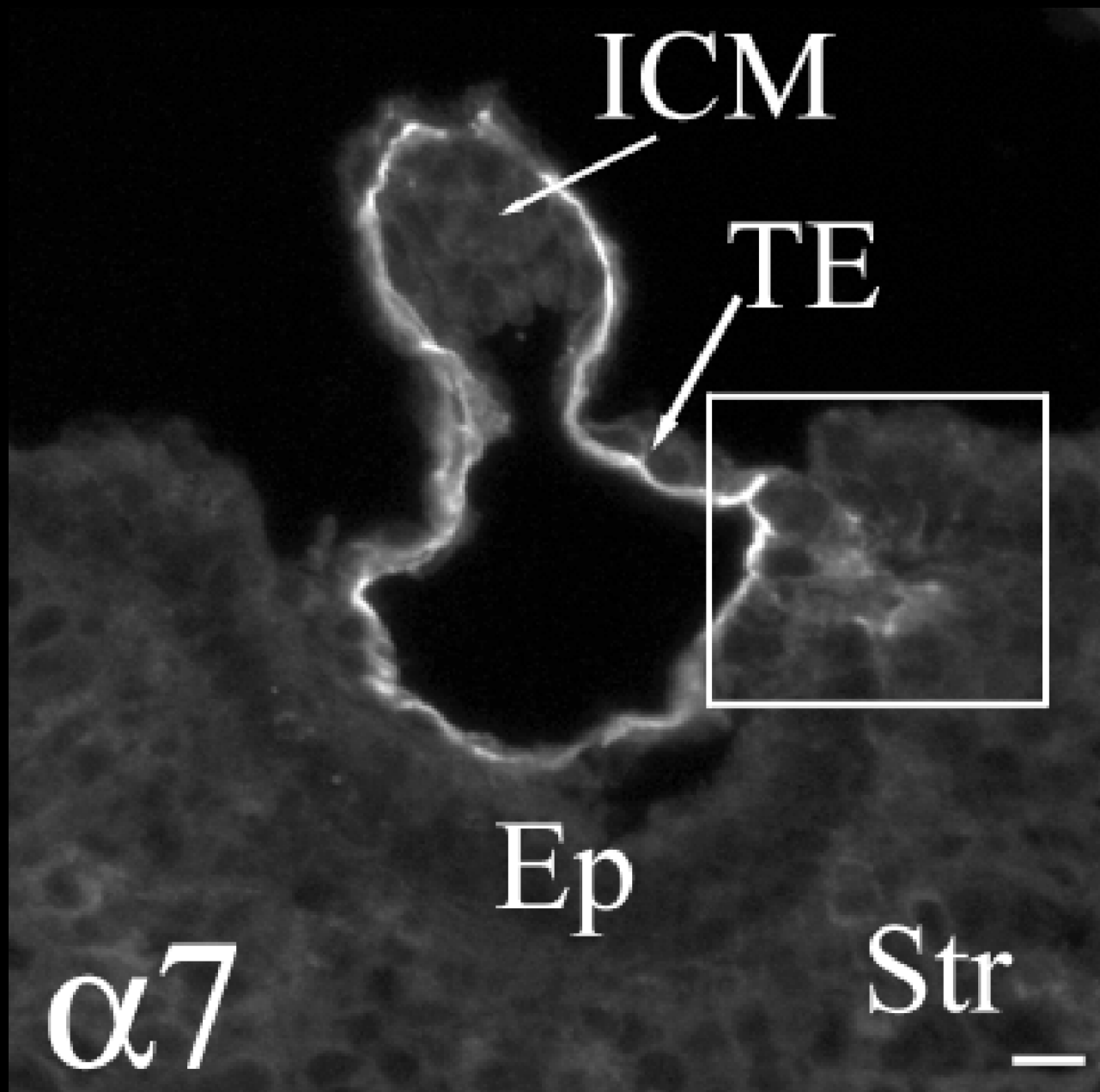
Growth

Uterus instruction

**Patternin
g**

Embryonic inductions for positional information





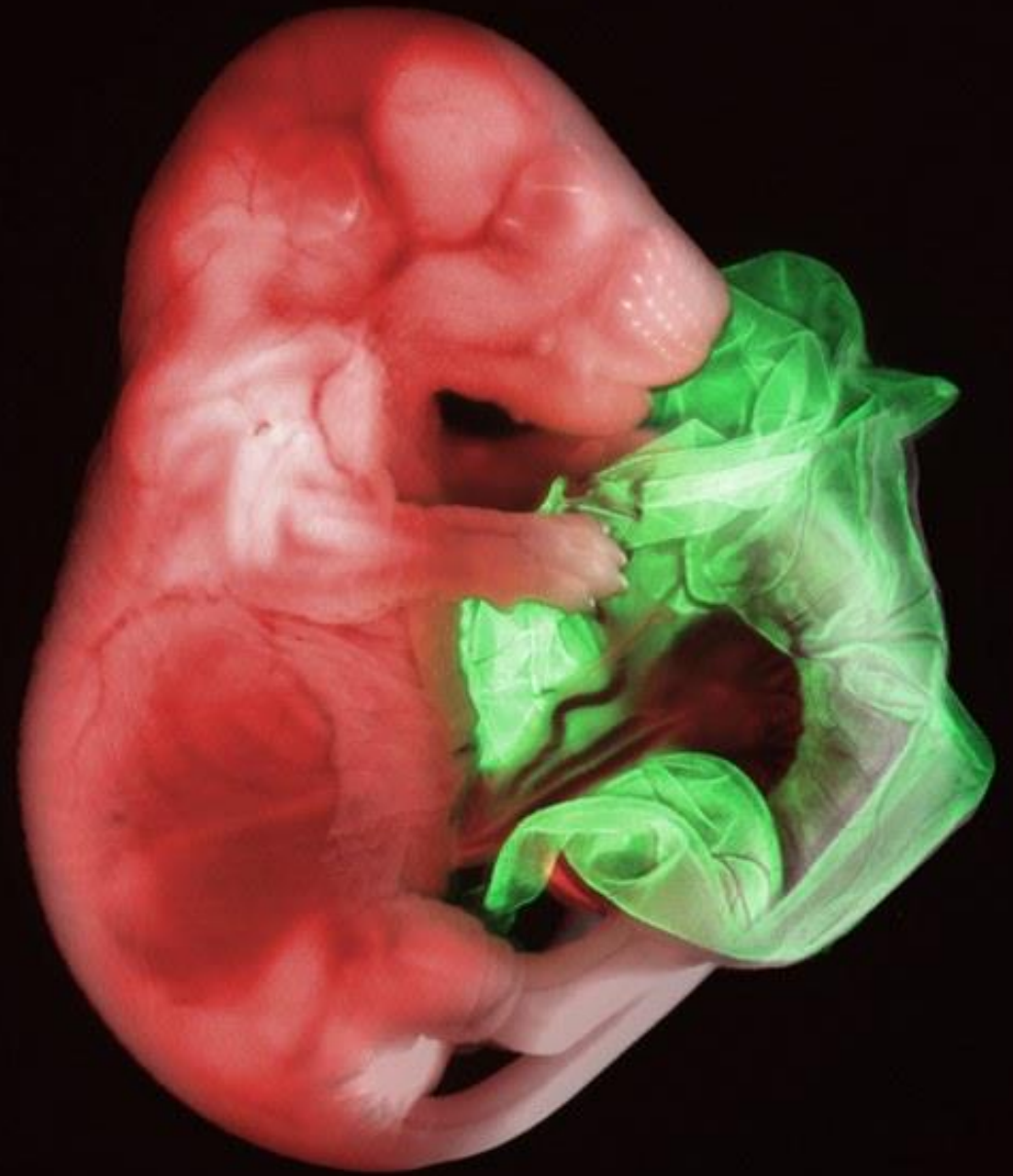
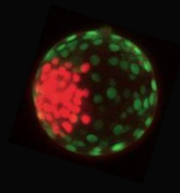
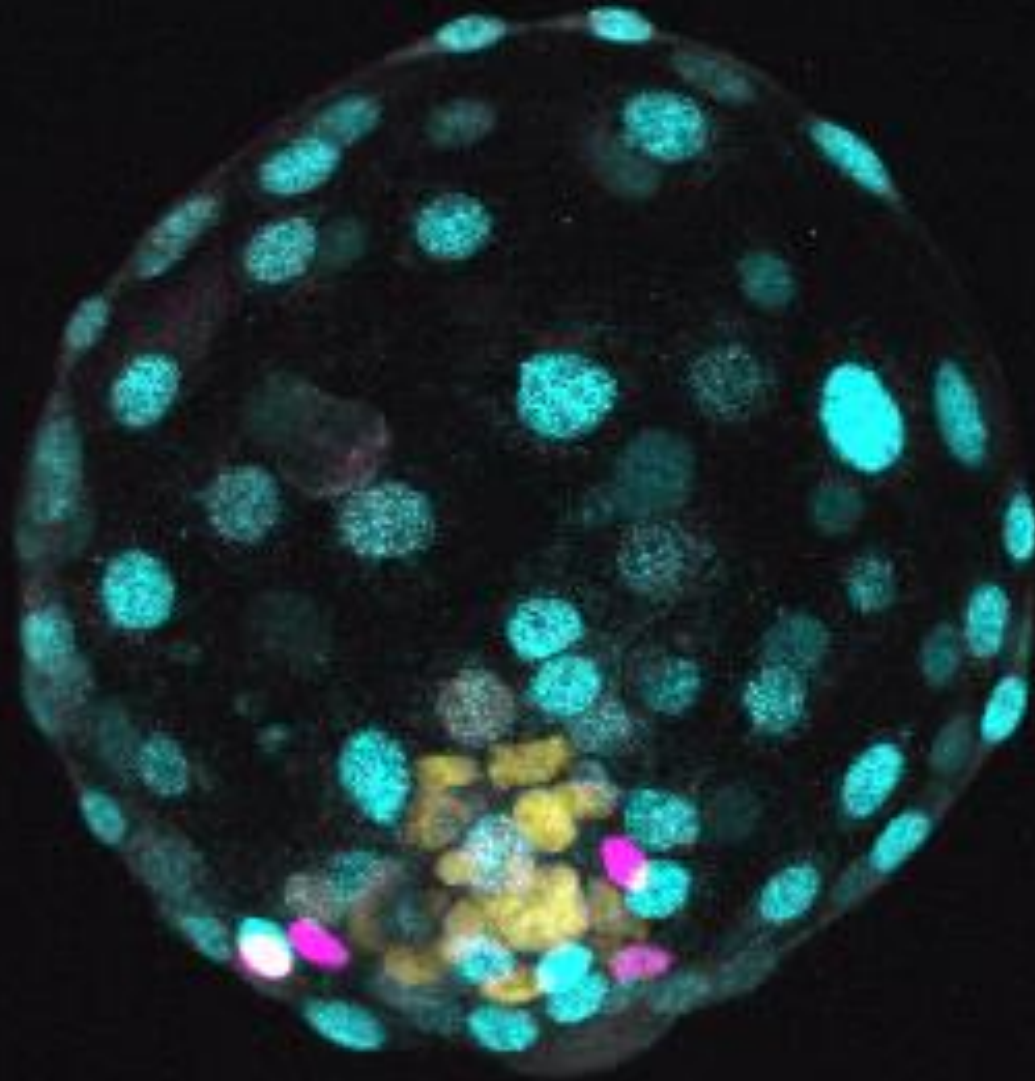


Photo by Gloria
K

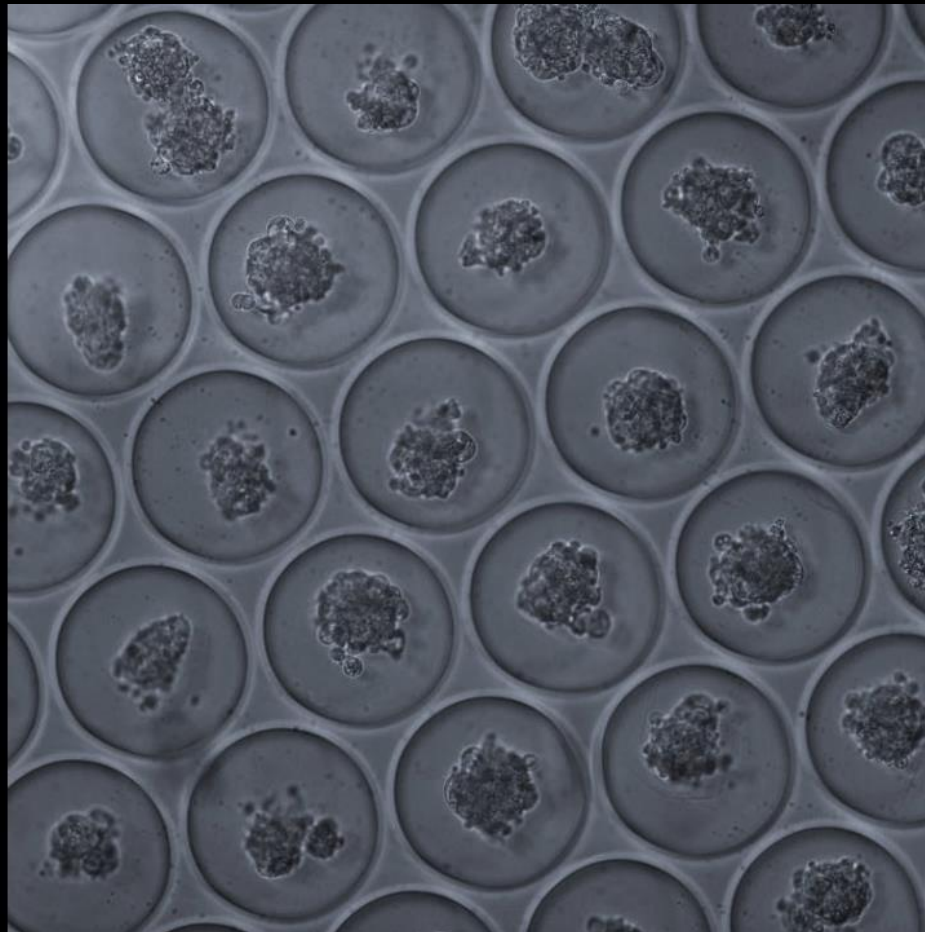
Human blastoids



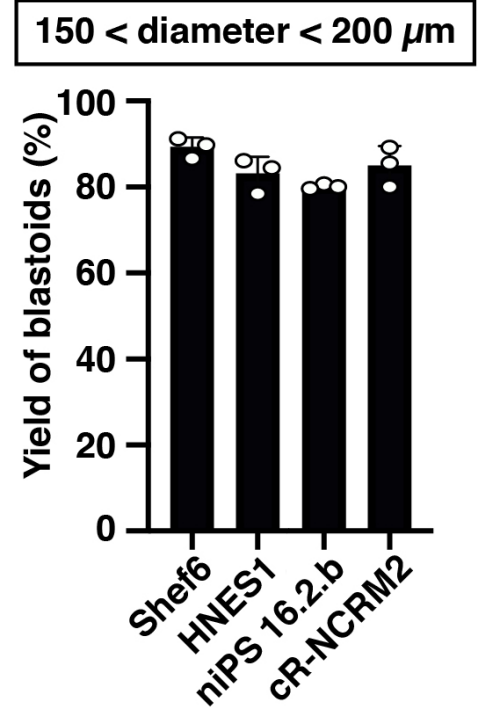
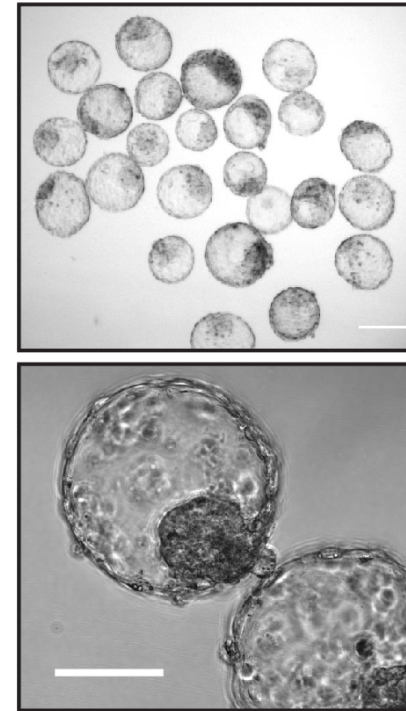
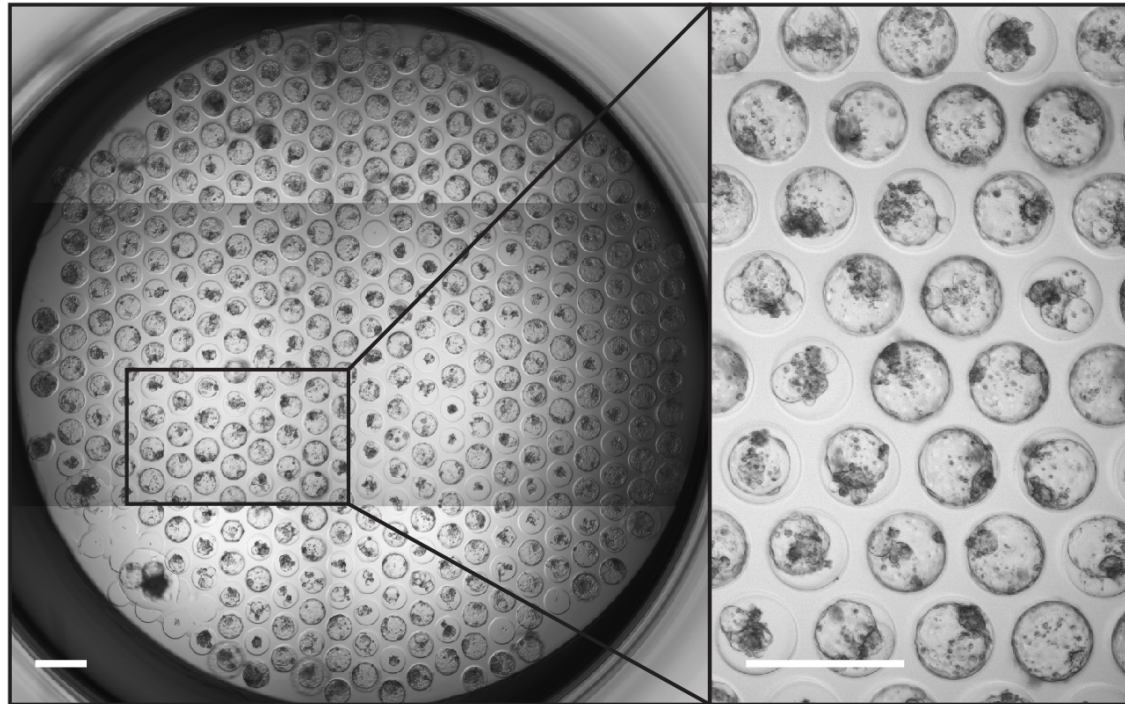
PXGL hPSCs triply inhibited (Hippo/ERK/TGFb) efficiently form blastoids

Two essential parameters:

- **Starting with the earliest possible cell state:** PXGL hPSCs culture (2017 - PMID: 28765214)
- **Stimulating cells adequately:** ERK/TGFb inhibition (2013 - PMID: 23493551) + Hippo inhibition (2019 - PMID: 35803228)

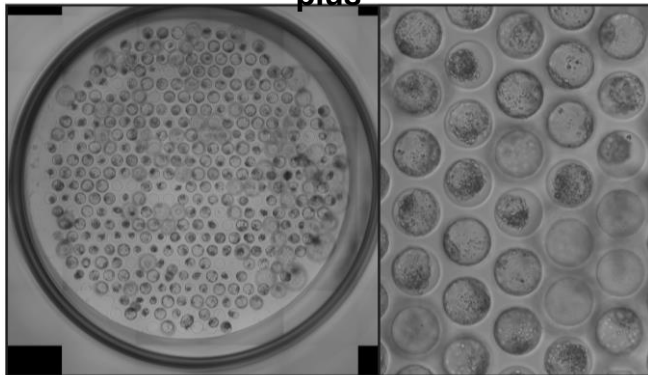


Human blastoids form with high efficiency (~80%)

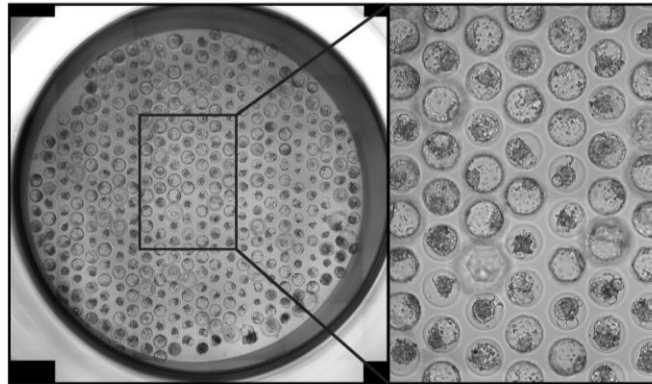


Human blastoids form with high efficiency (~80%) in IVF medium

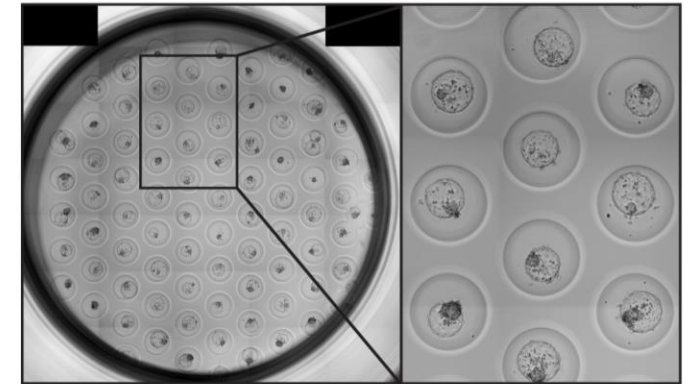
Blastoids in IVF medium Vitrolife G2-plus



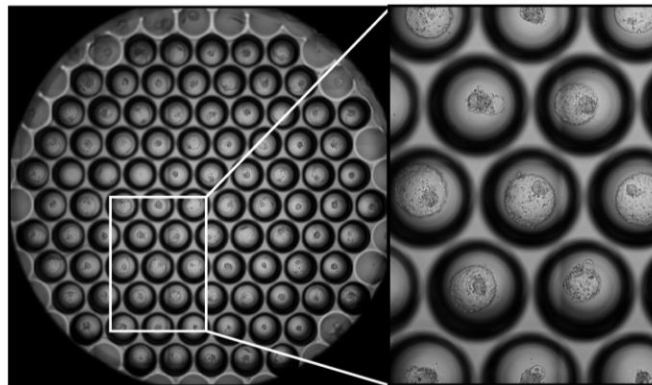
Hydrogel microwell plate- 200 μ M



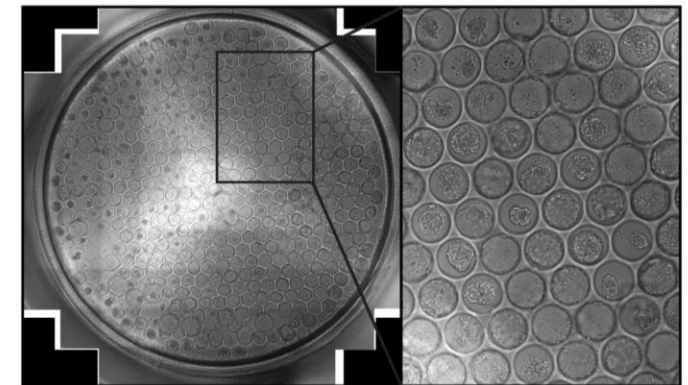
Hydrogel microwell plate- 400 μ M



Elplasia from Corning



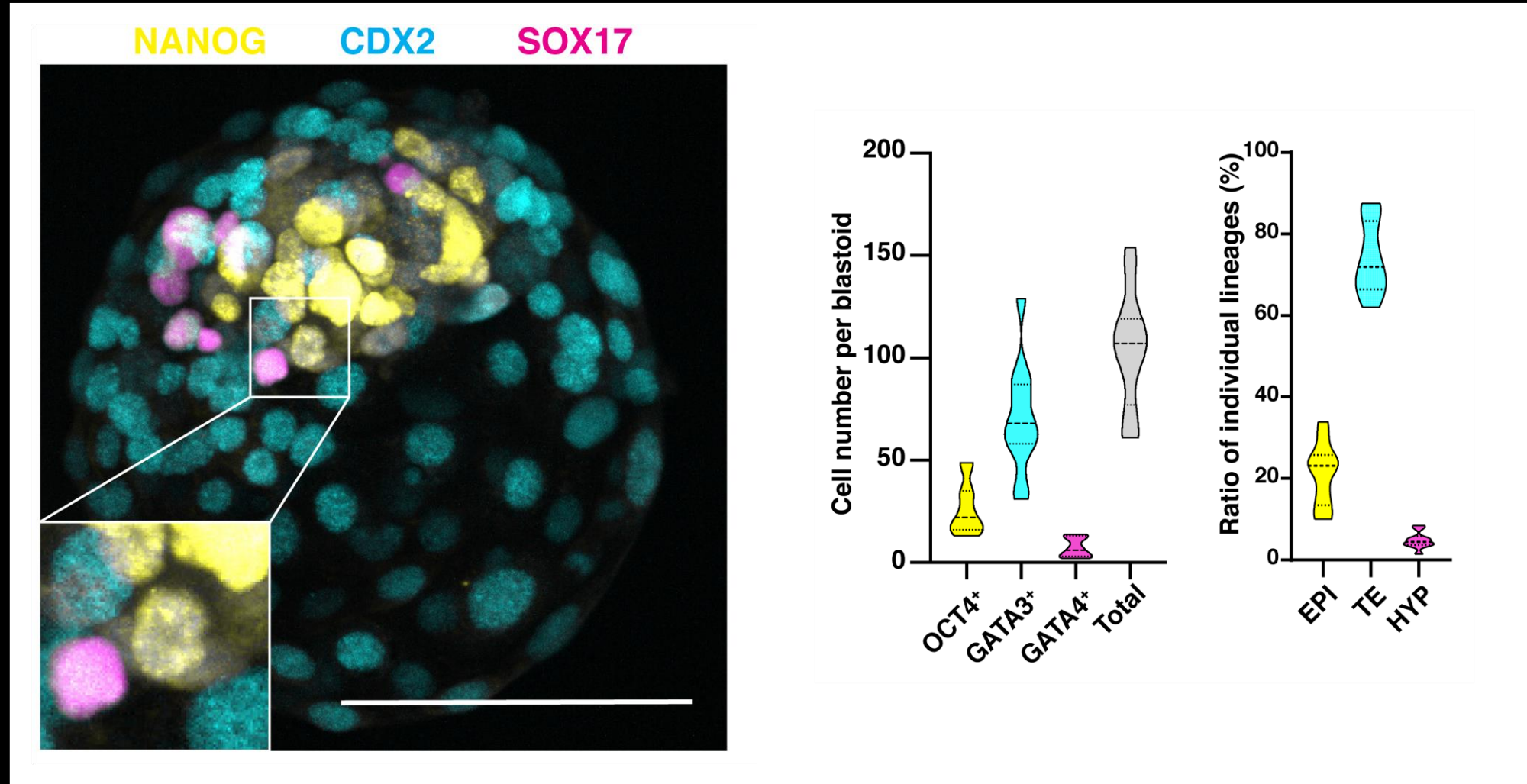
Gri3D from Sun Bioscience



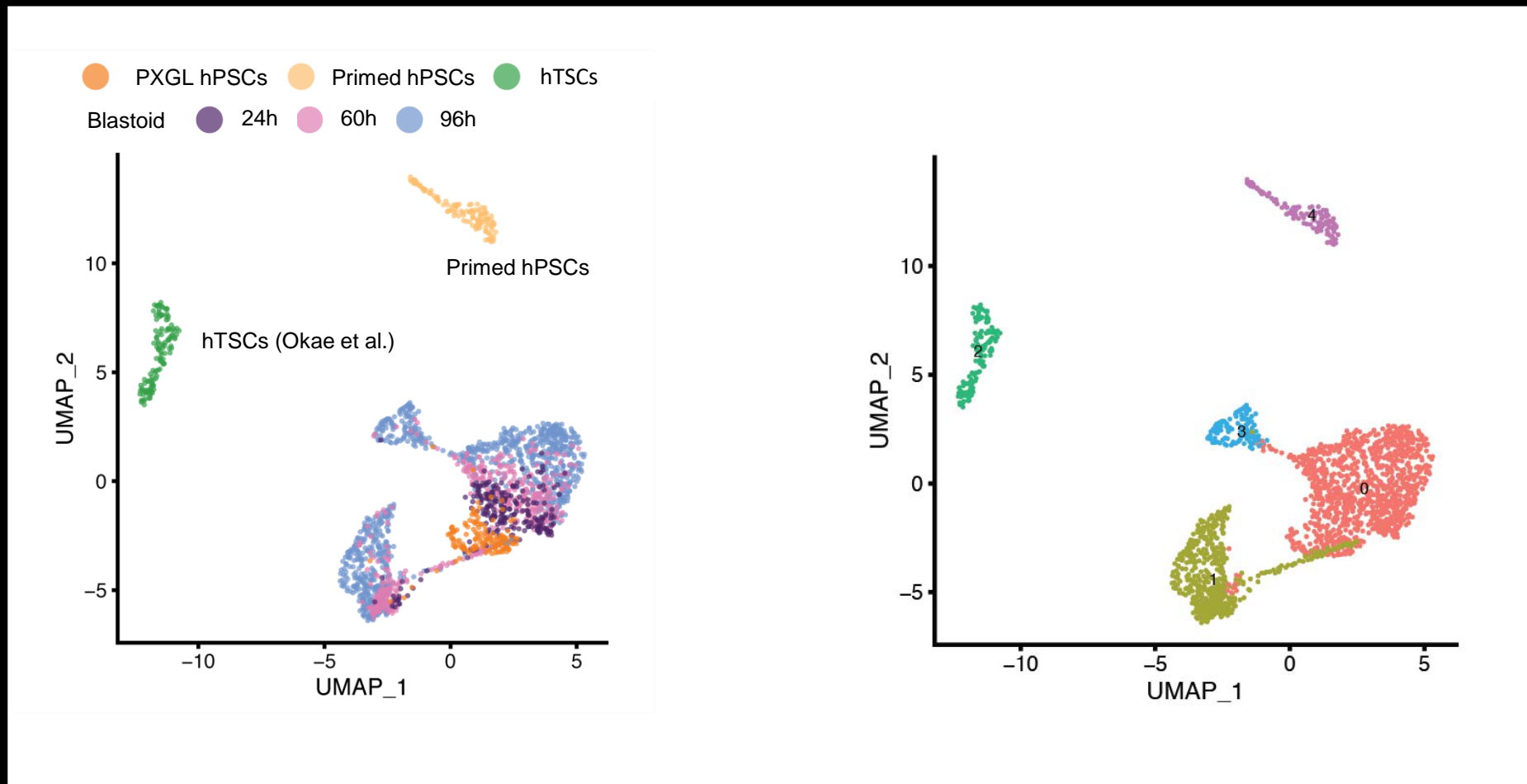
Blastoids also form in:

- Continuous Single Culture-NX from Fujifilm,
- ORIGIO® Sequential Blast™ from CooperSurgical Fertility

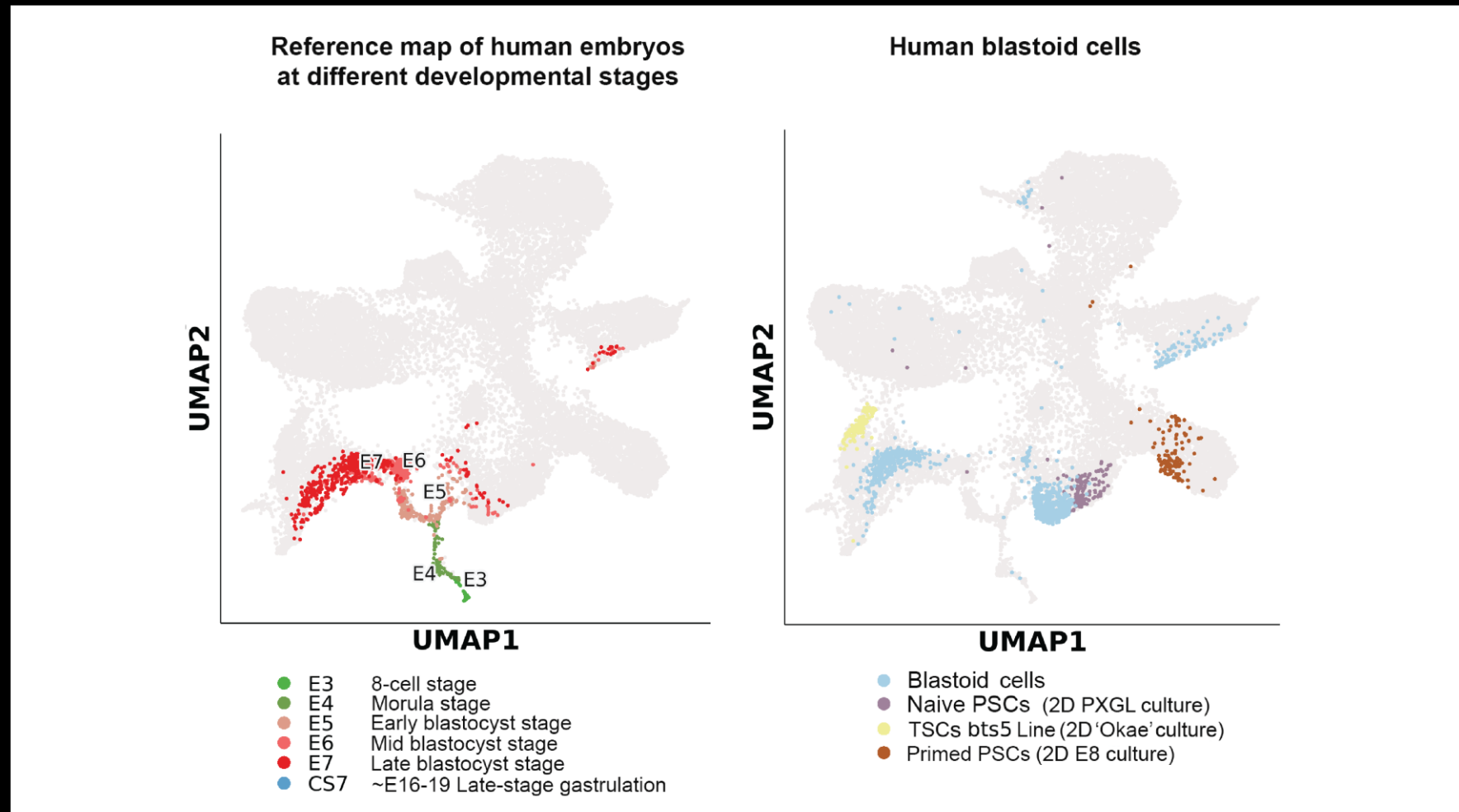
Human blastoids self-organize the three founding lineages



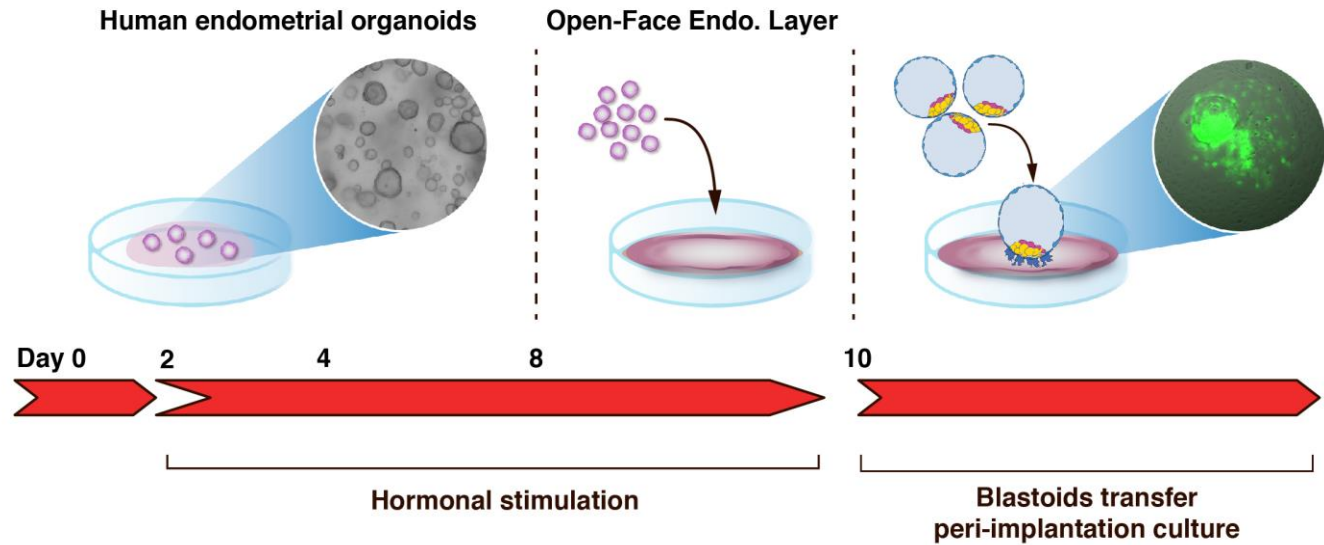
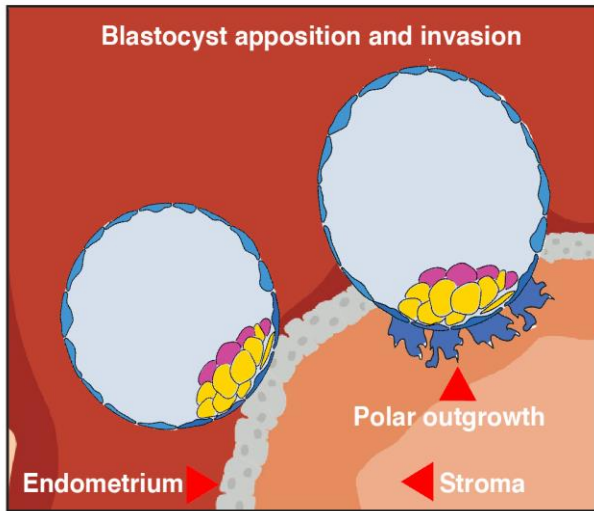
Human blastoids sequentially form the three founding lineages



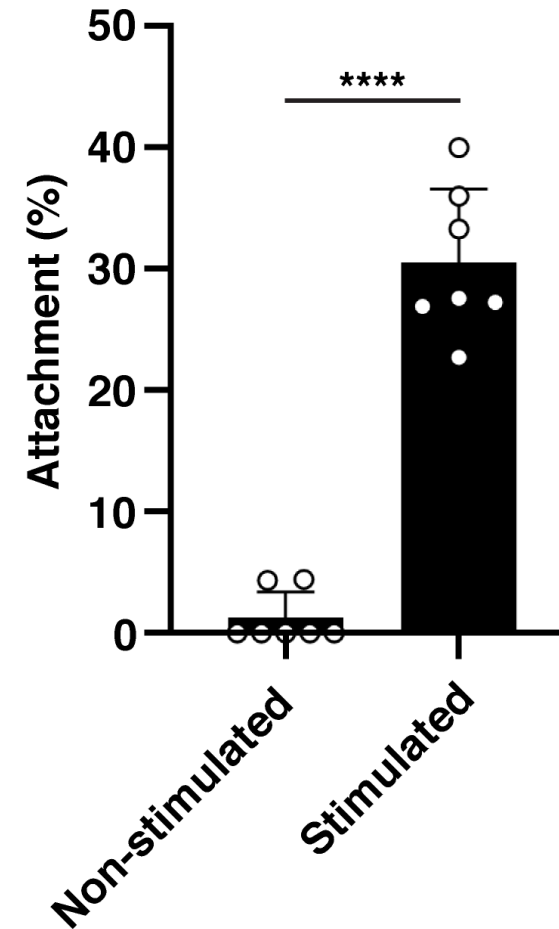
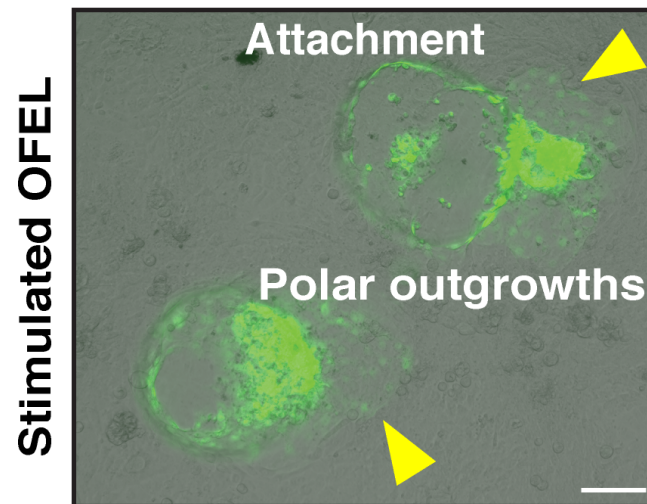
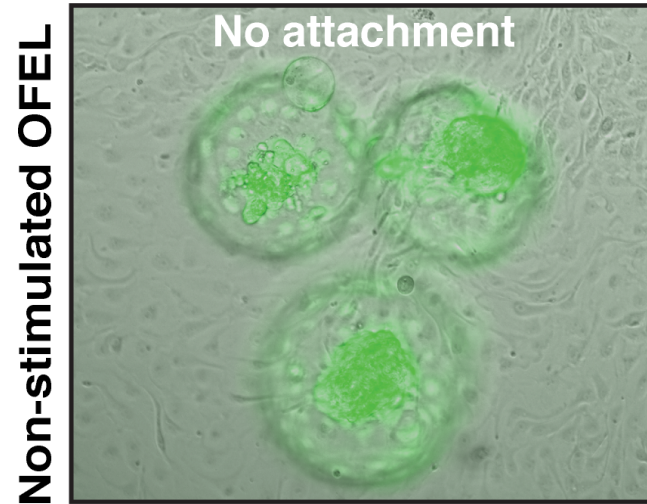
Human blastoids form the 3 transcriptional analogs of the blastocyst stage



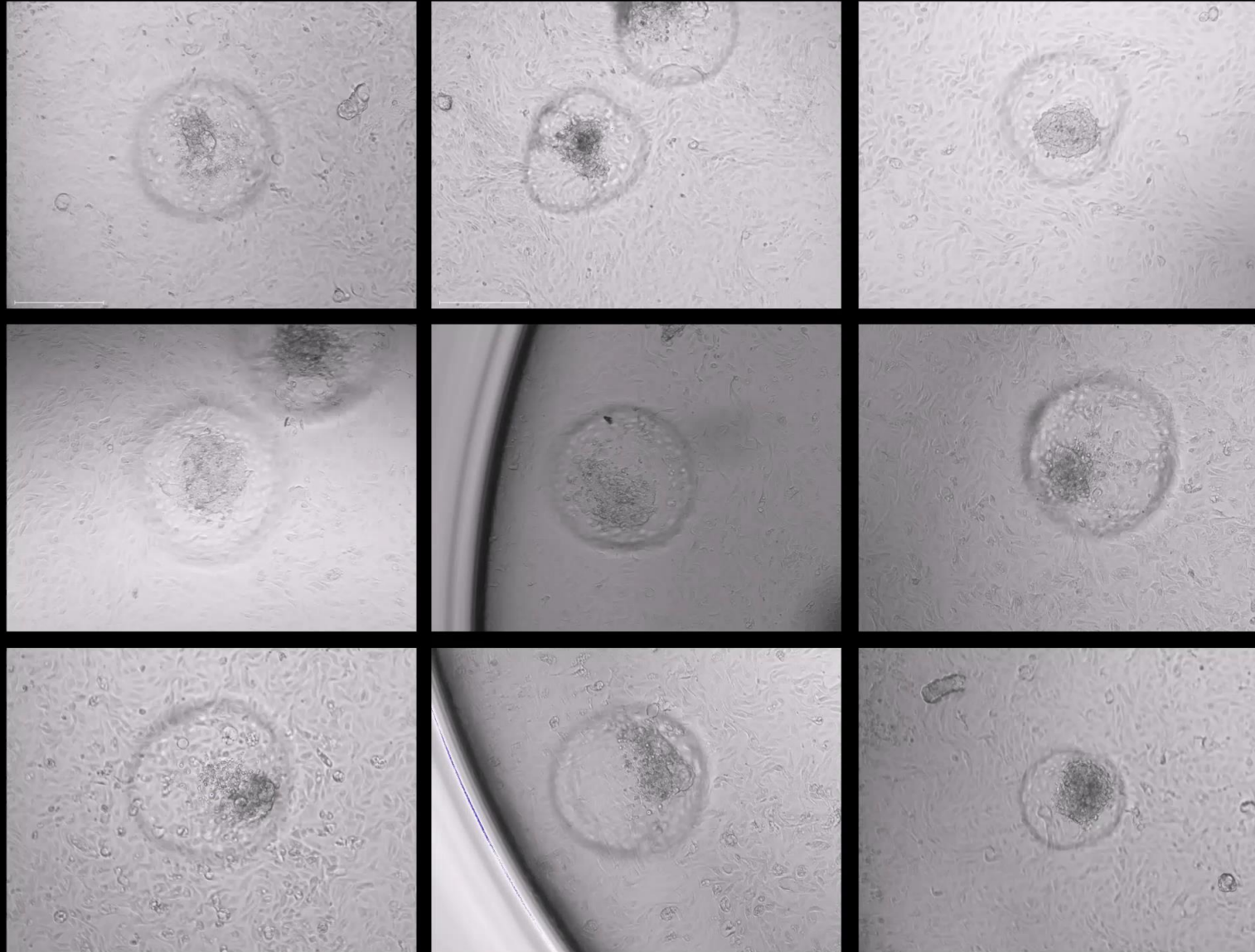
Can blastoids model implantation *in vitro* ?



Human blastoids only attach to hormonally-stimulated endometrial cells



Human blastoids attach to endometrial cells via the polar side



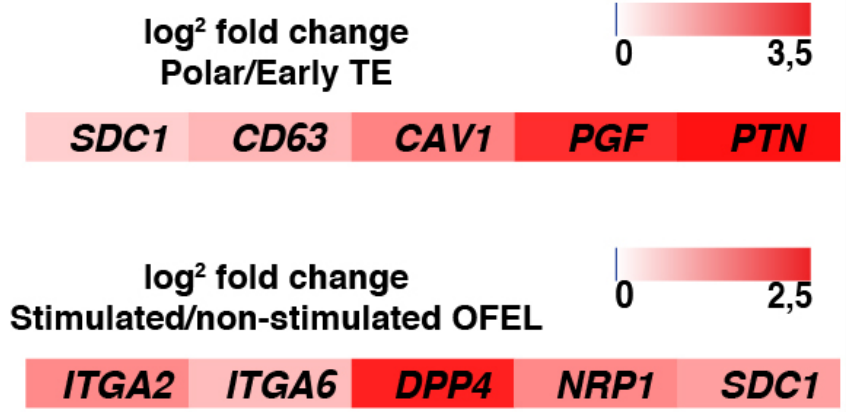
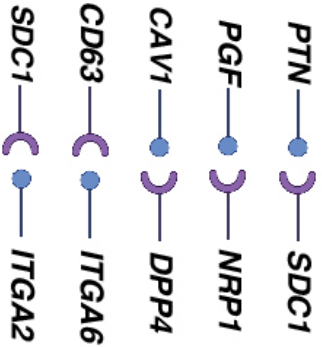
Epiblast induces polar trophoblast maturation to gatekeep endometrium interactions



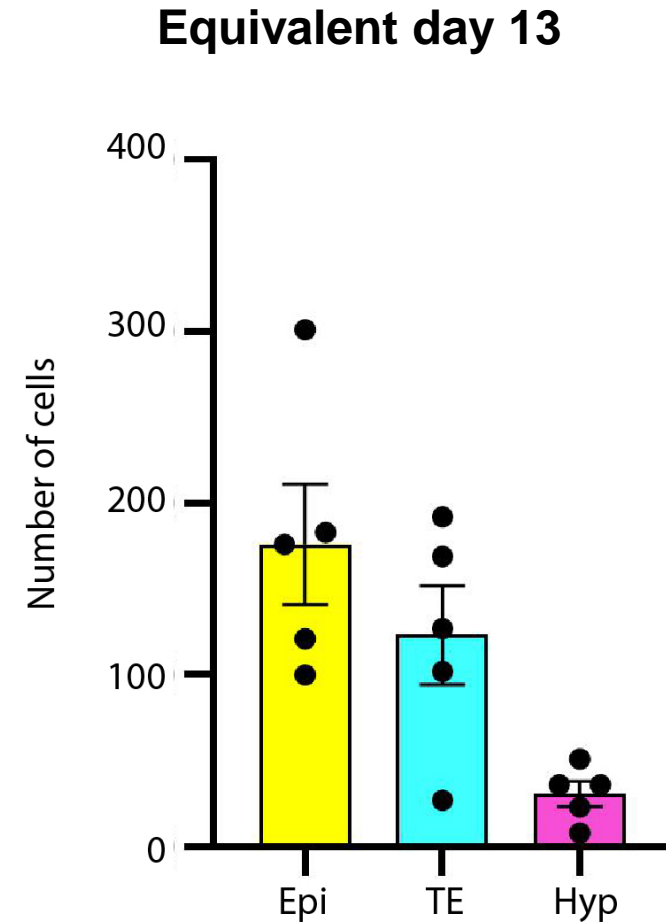
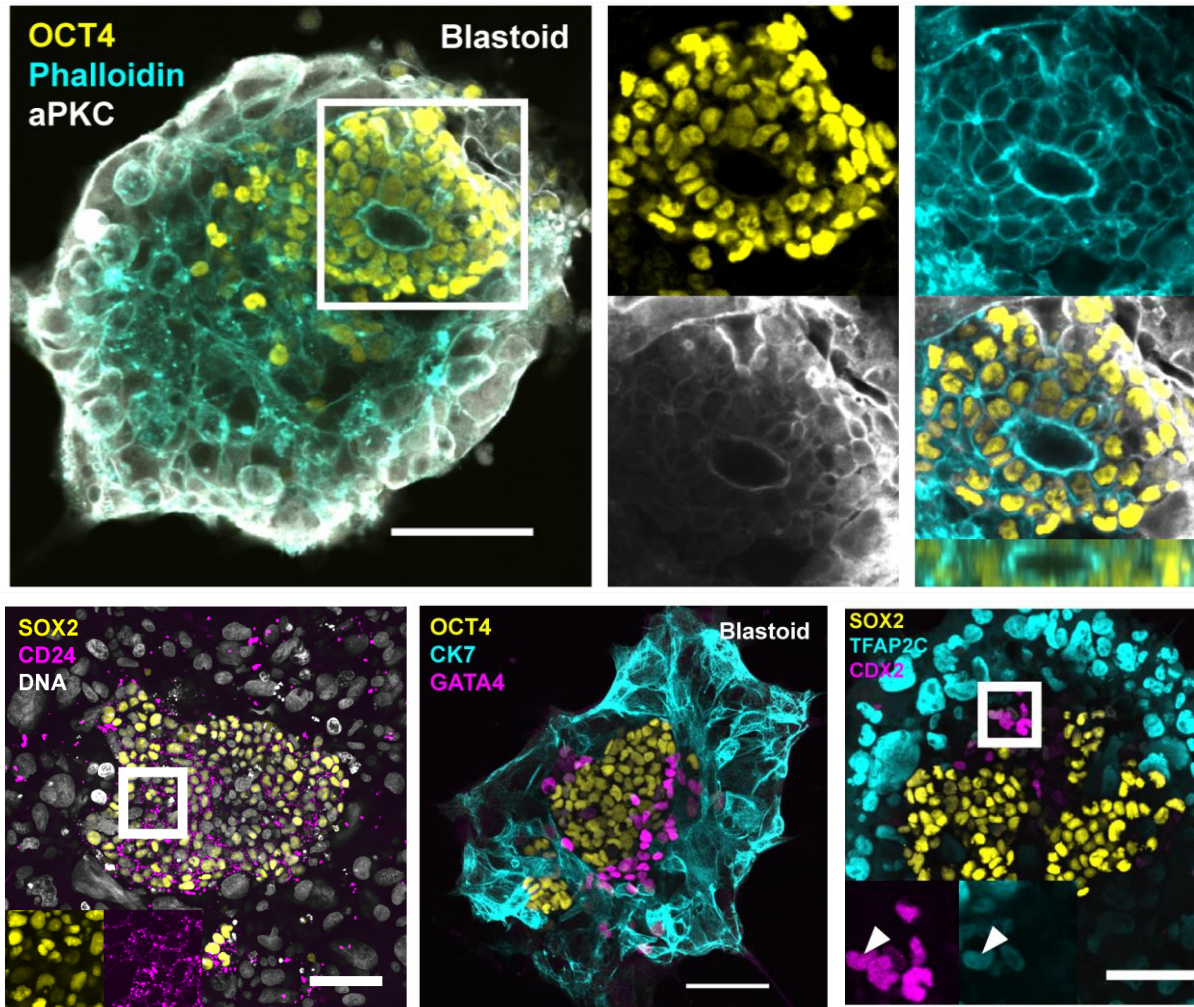
Polar TE



Stimulated OFEL



Human blastoids lineages progress although they do not organize



Opportunities for clinical translation

1. Treating infertility.

It is estimated that at least 40% of pregnancies end before 20 weeks of gestation, with 70% of those failing around implantation. An improved understanding of early embryogenesis could inform on therapeutic strategies to improve infertility treatments.

2. Improving IVF.

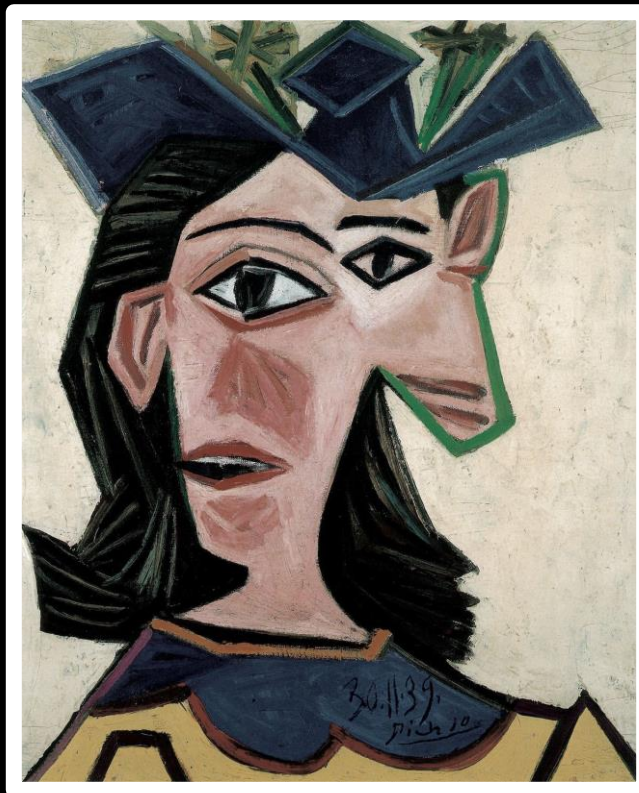
Only about 20% of IVF procedures result in a birth. Understanding early embryogenesis could instruct on ways to optimize the implantation of IVF embryos while minimizing cellular abnormalities. This could reduce the number of IVF procedures while ensuring the health of children.

3. Advancing family planning.

The ability for women to control pregnancy is critical to sustainable, global development and to improve gender equality. Knowledge about early embryogenesis could lead to the development of effective contraceptive strategies with fewer side effects.

Ethics for human blastoids

Blastoids are rudimentary, different from embryos, and cannot form an organism.



The 2021 ISSCR guidelines propose ethical oversight for human blastoid research.

PMID: 28494856

PMID: 30542177

PMID: 31951813

PMID: 32715543

PMID: 32712668

PMID: 31741321

PMID: 34048690

PMID: 33792755



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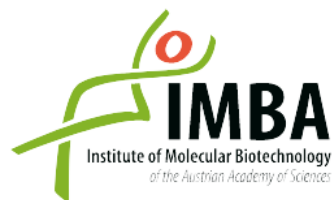
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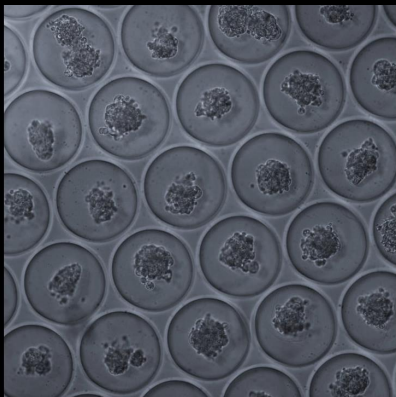
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SCIENCES



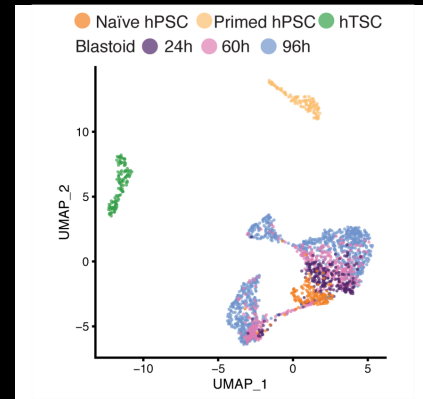
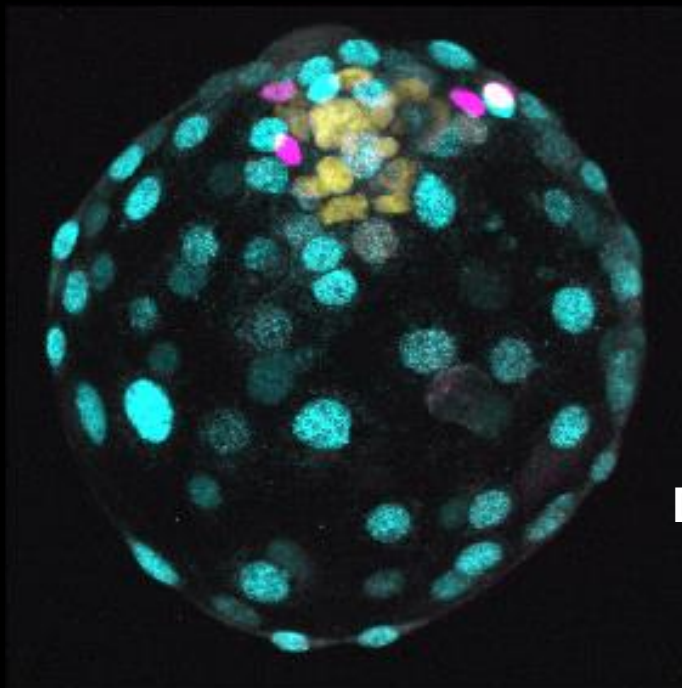
European Research Council
Established by the European Commission

Four basic criteria

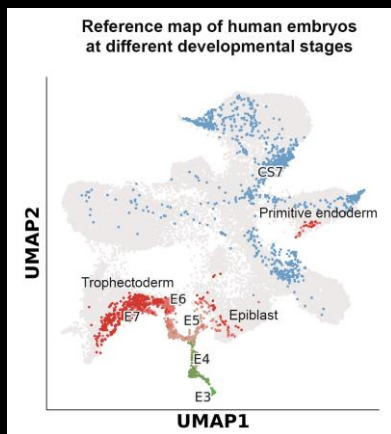
Efficient morphogenesis



Timing and sequence of lineage specification



Blastocyst-like transcriptome



Directional attachment to endometrial cells

