



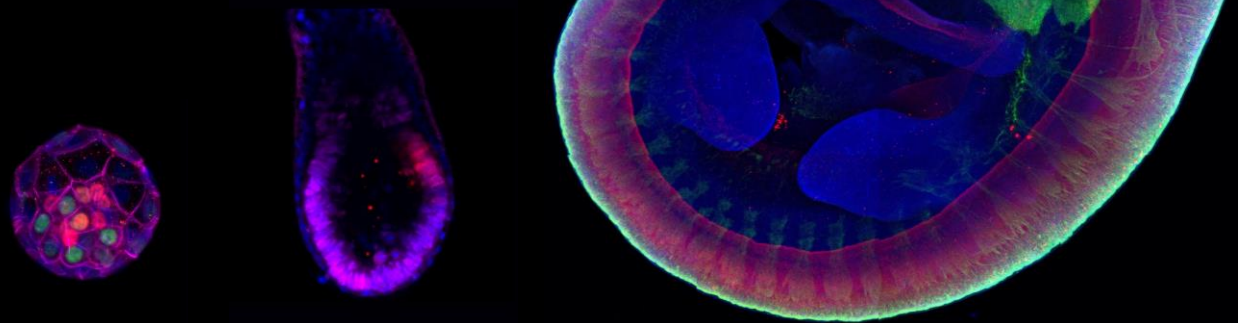
How to extend embryo development *in vitro*: Future chances for ectogenesis?

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Ectogenesis

Ecto-

from Greek *ektos* outside

Genesis

an origin, creation, or beginning.

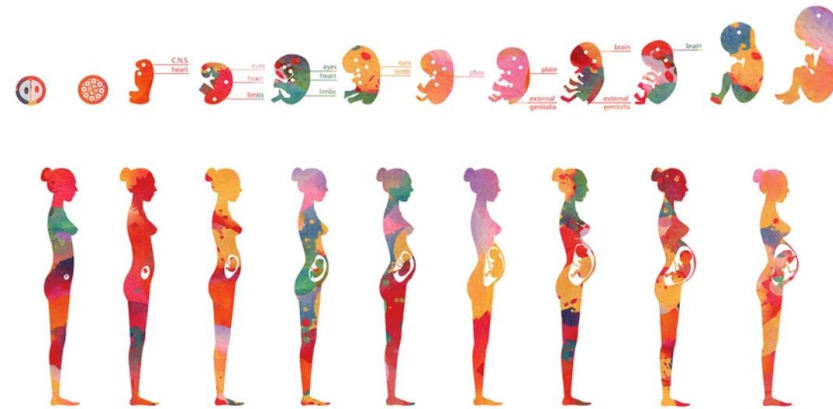
XIX Century Haldane

"we can take an ovary from a woman, and keep it growing in a suitable fluid for as long as twenty years, producing a fresh ovum each month, of which 90 percent can be fertilized, and the embryos grown successfully for nine months, and then brought out into the air."

Ectogenesis

Complete ectogenesis

- Gestation outside a human body from conception to birth completely.

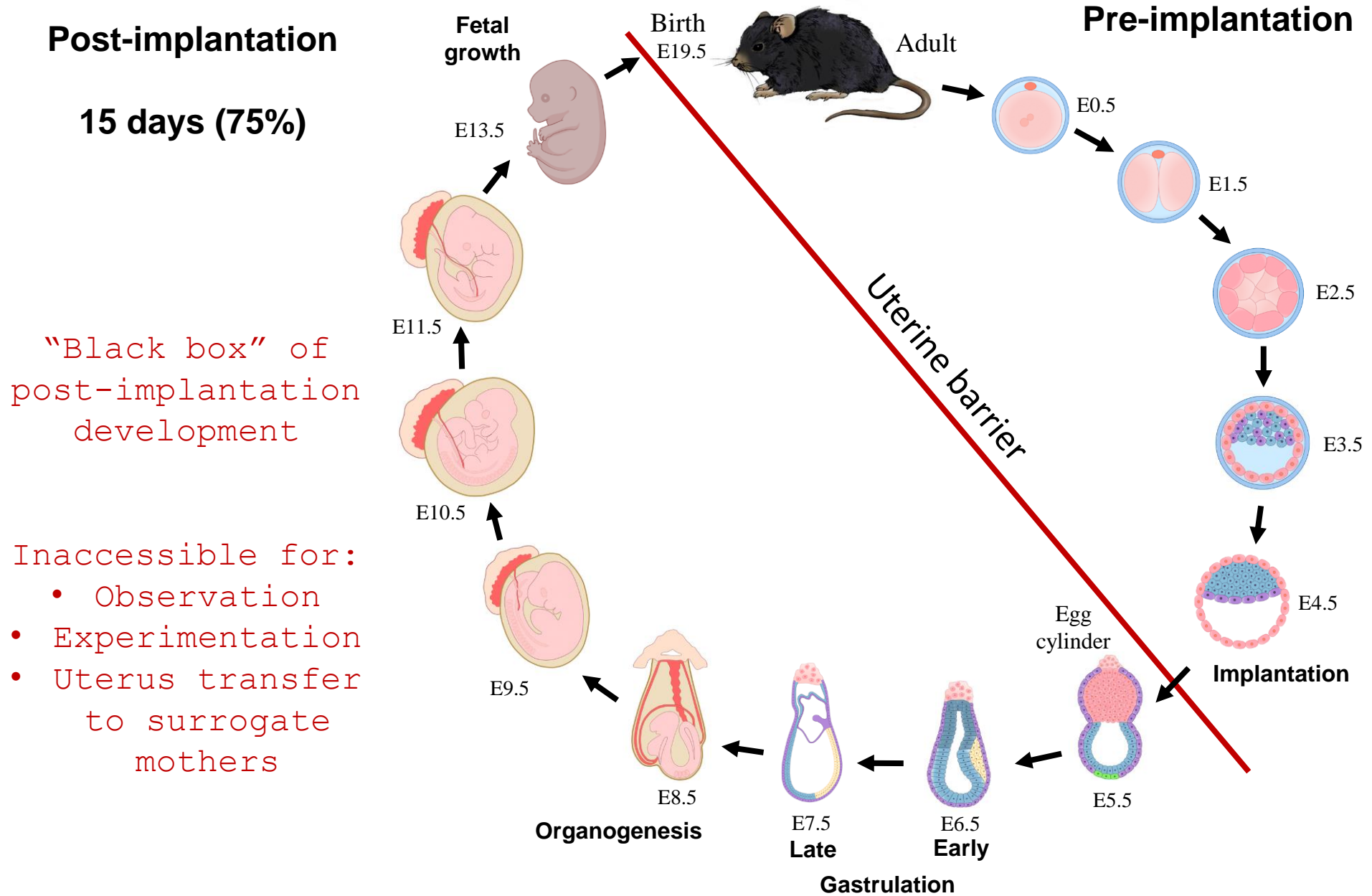


Partial ectogenesis

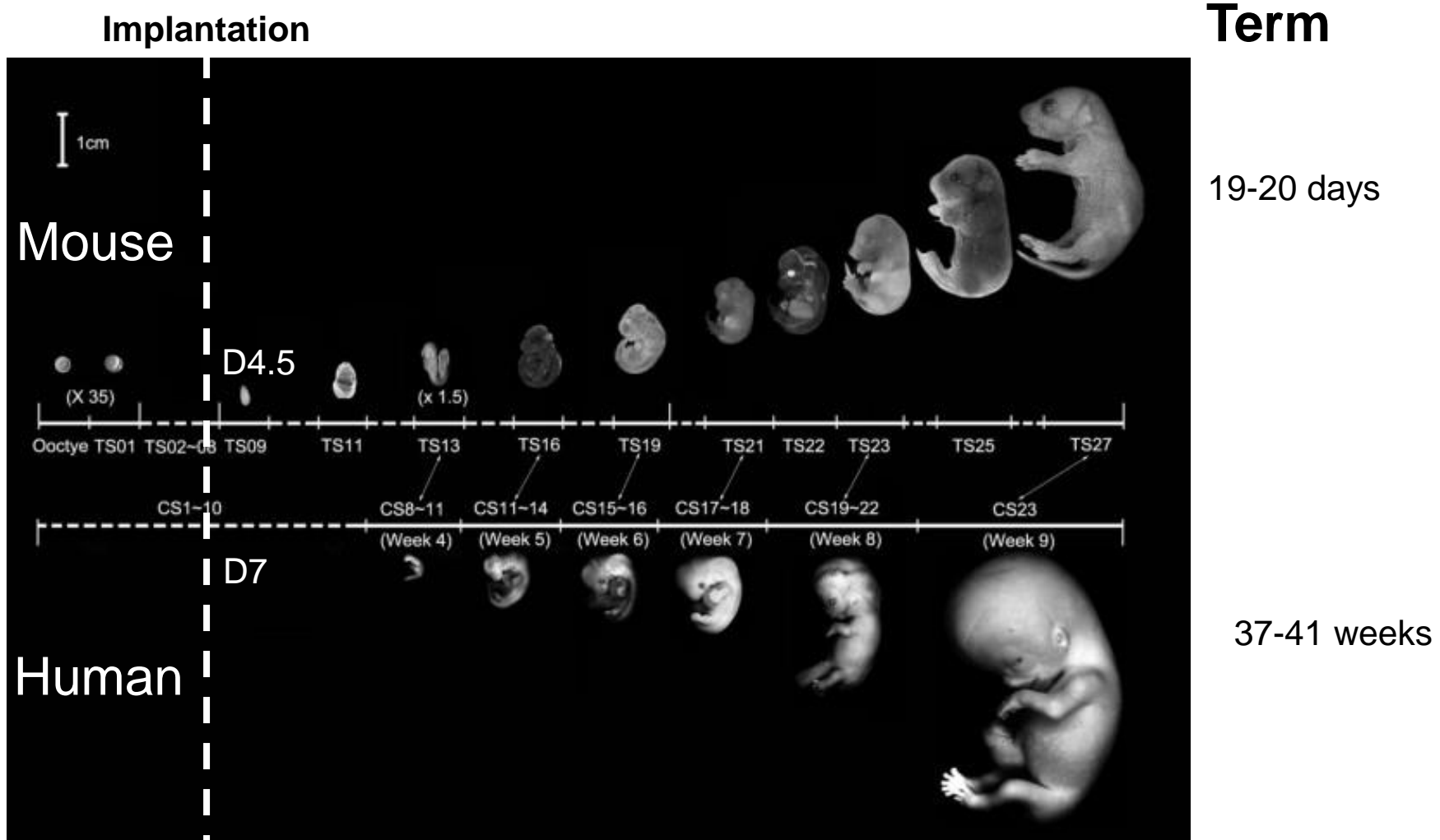
- Transfer of a partially developed embryo or fetus from the female body to an external womb for the remainder of the gestation period



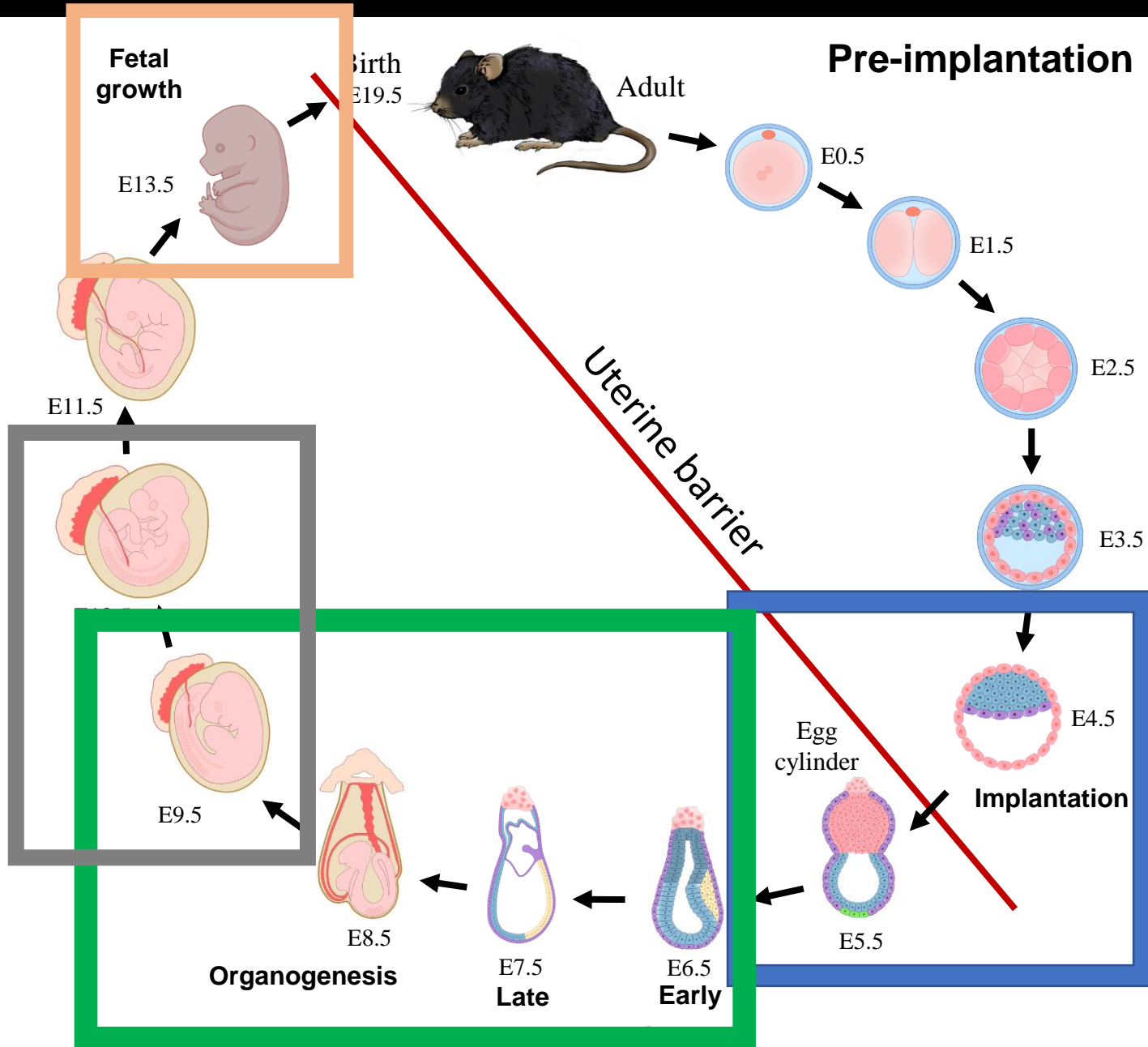
Mammalian embryo development is dependent on the maternal uterus



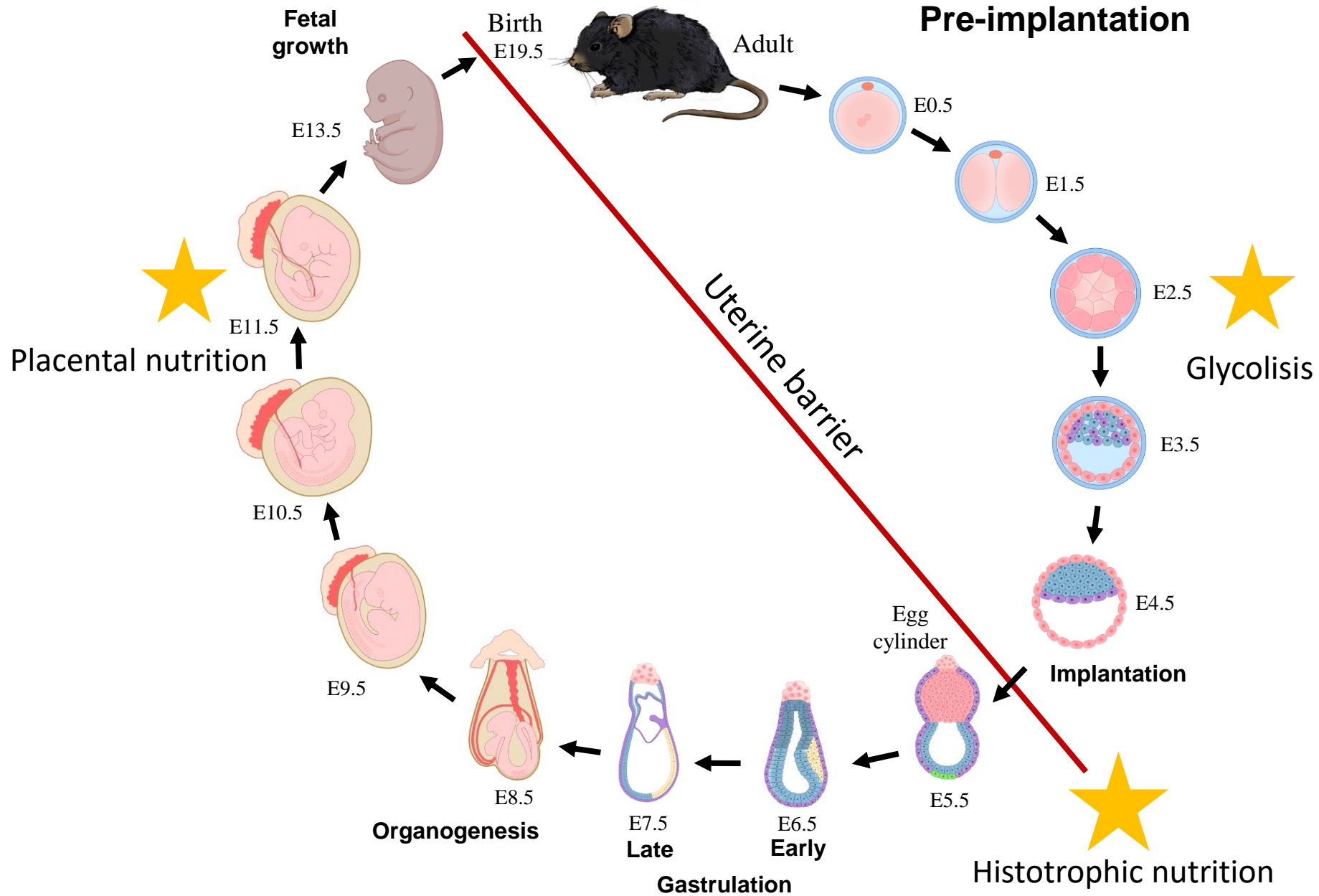
Mouse vs Human embryo development



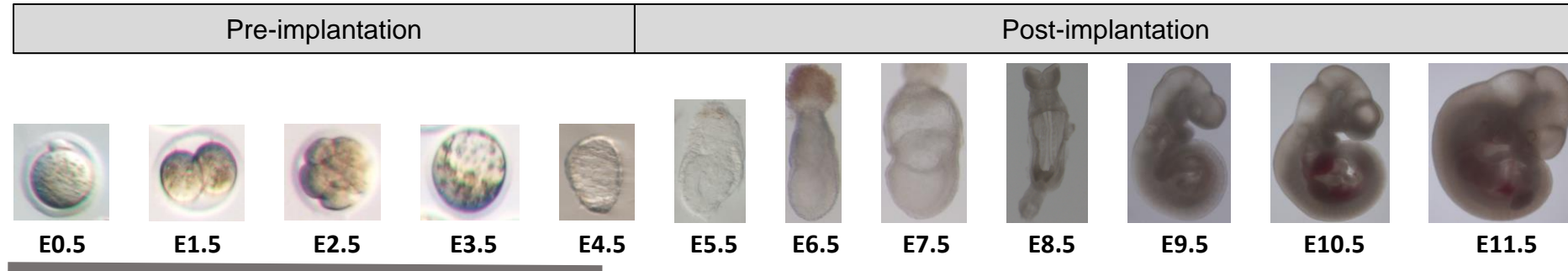
Different Approaches



Major nutritional changes during development affecting *in vitro* culture



In vitro culture of mouse embryos

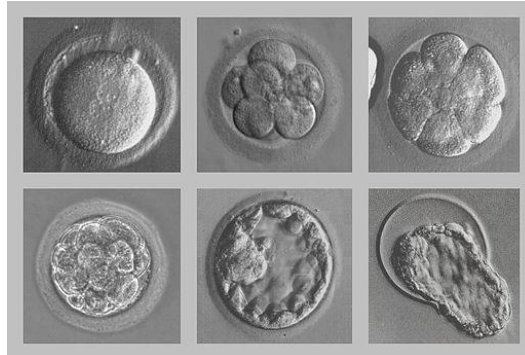


Zygote to blastocyst

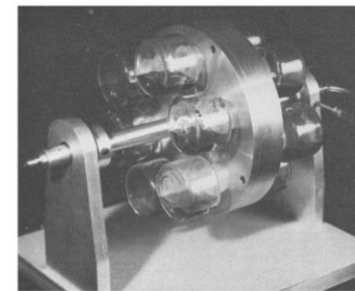
In vitro implantation

Post-implantation stages
Static or Rotating bottles cultures

Mouse, monkey & human embryos



Bedzhov et. al., 2014



New, 1966-1978

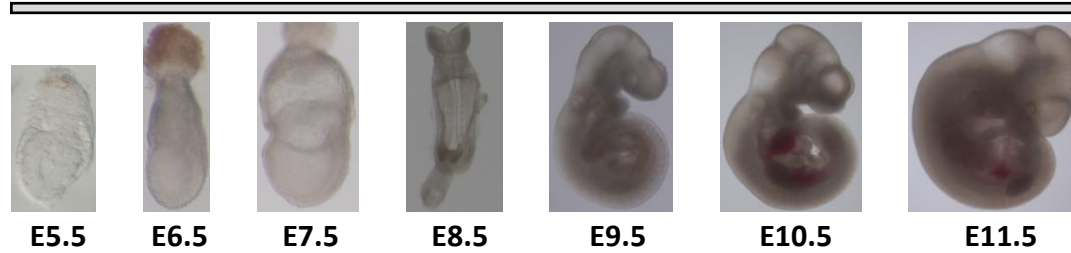


Short term (24-36 hours)
Inefficient – abnormal embryos
Not from pre-gastrulation

Letters to the Editor

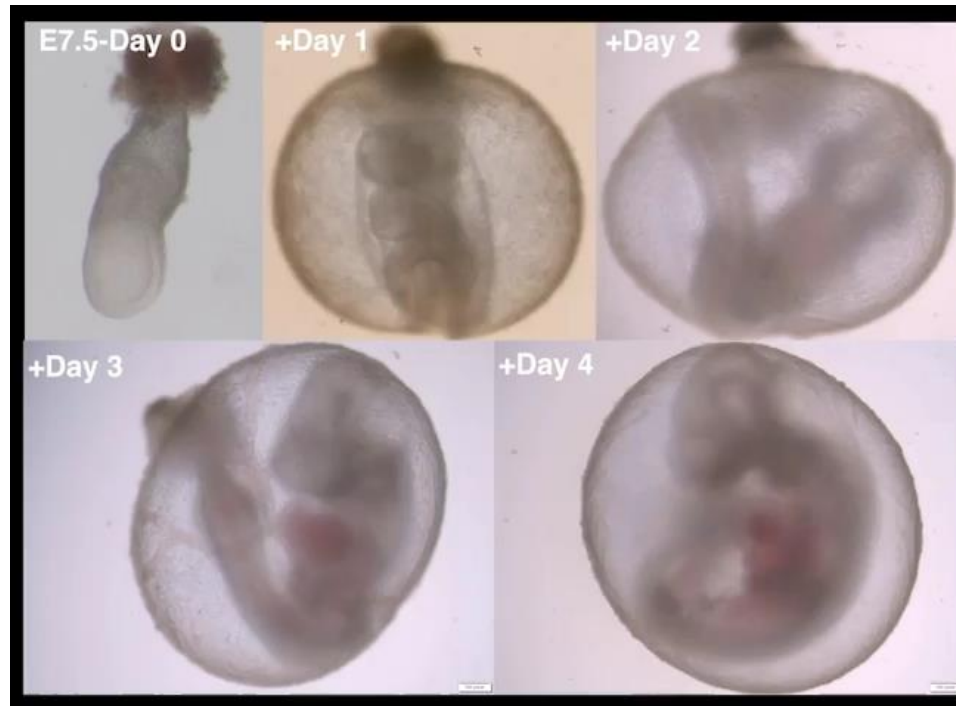
**BIRTH AFTER THE REIMPLANTATION OF A
HUMAN EMBRYO**

Enhanced *ex utero* roller culture platform

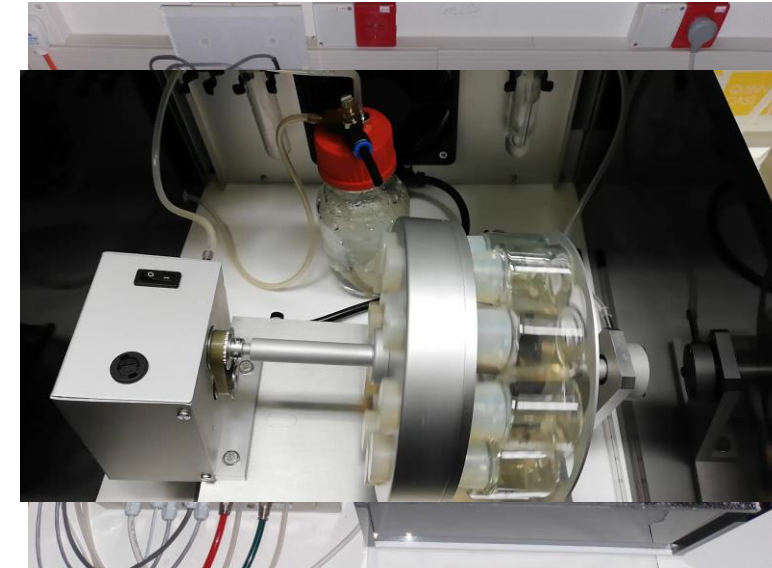


E7.5 to E11

Late gastrulation to hindlimb stage



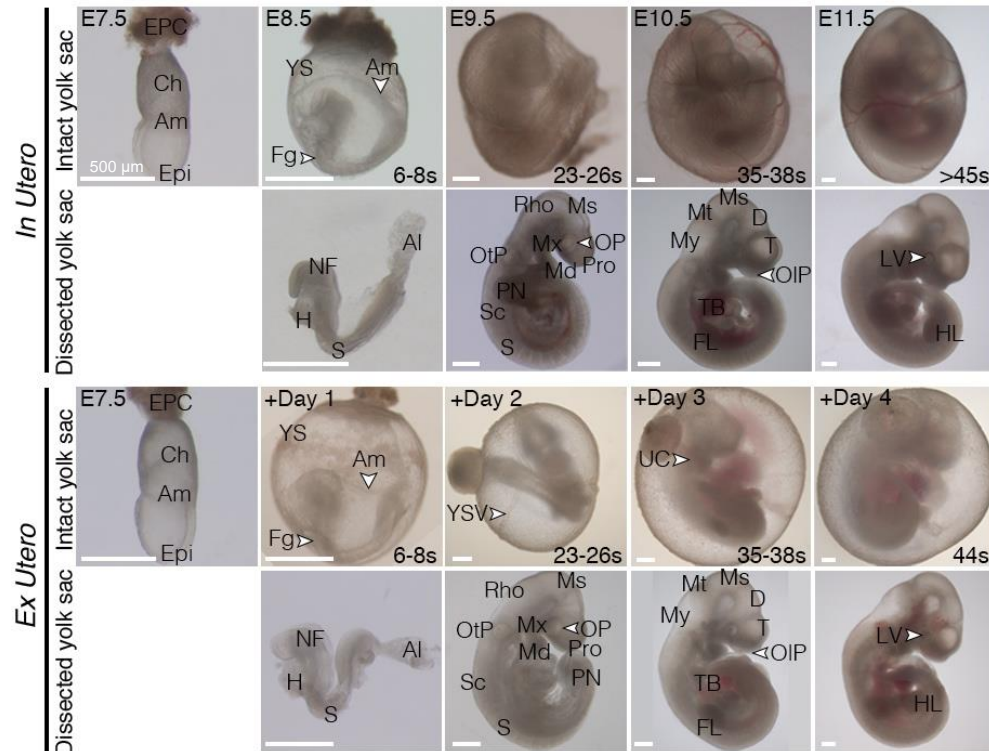
~75% efficiency (at day 4)
Consistent across several mouse lines



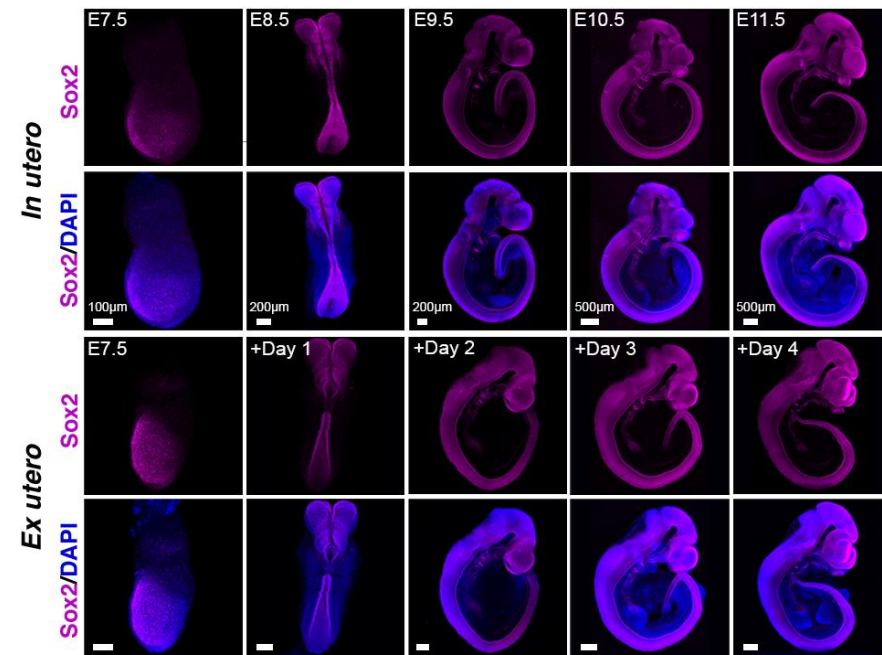
- Continuous and stable gas pressure
- Regulation of O₂ and CO₂
 - Adequate gas humidification, medium pH buffering
- *Ex Utero* Culture Media:
 - Rat Serum
 - Human Serum
 - High Glucose

Ex utero embryos faithfully recapitulate development from E7.5 - E11

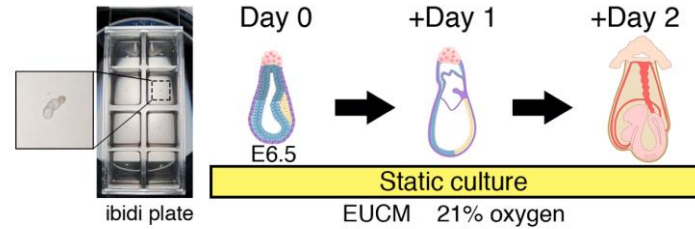
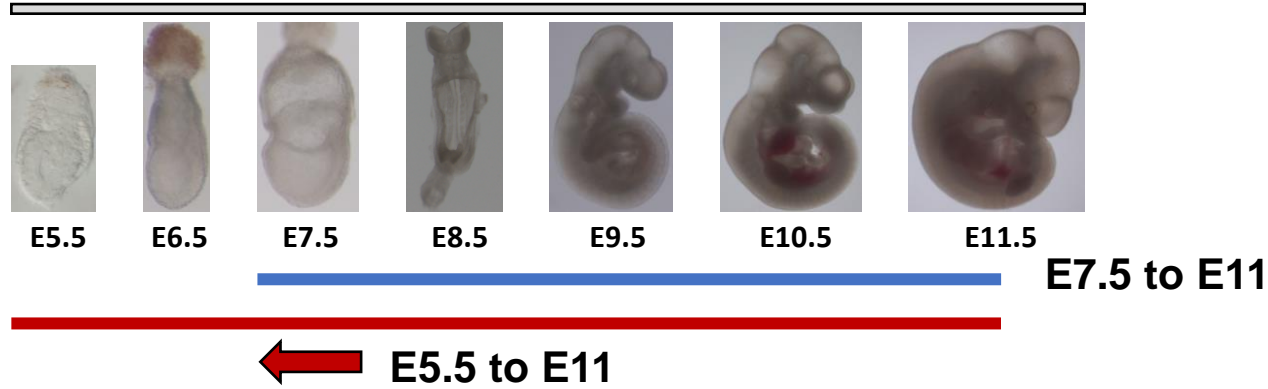
Morphology



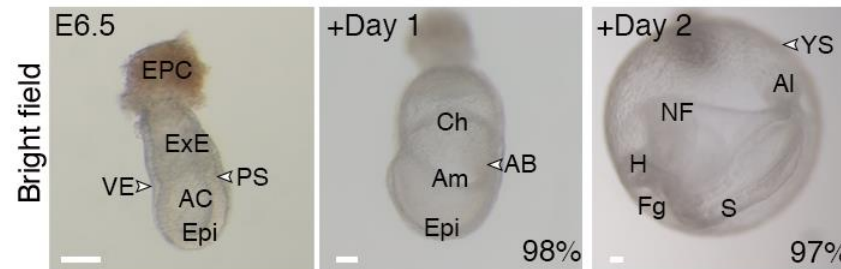
Spatio-temporal expression of lineage markers



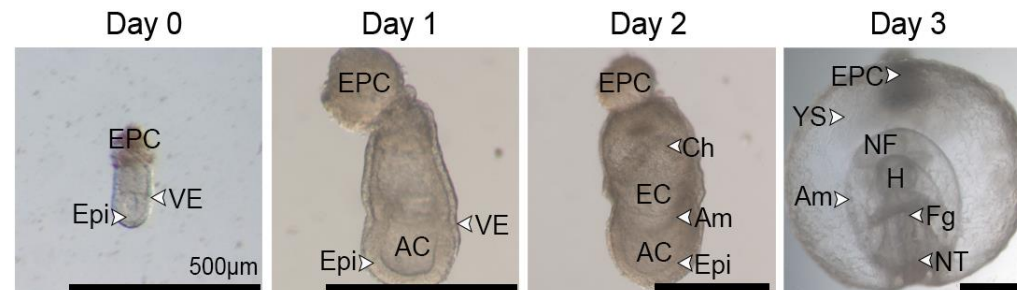
Capturing full gastrulation *ex utero*



Optimized static culture conditions from pre-gastrulation to organogenesis

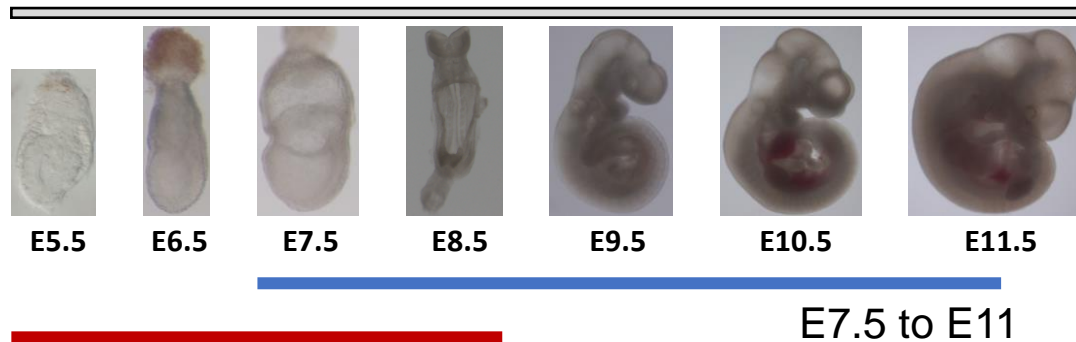


E6.5 to E8.5



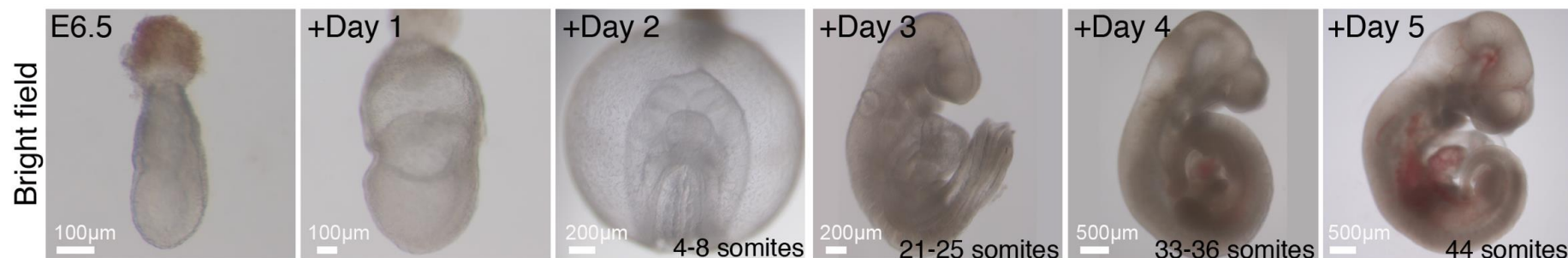
E5.5 to E8.5

Extended *ex utero* embryo culture to advanced organogenesis



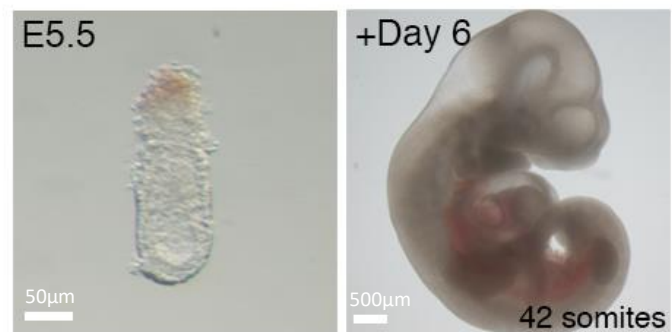
Early gastrulation

Morphology



55% efficiency

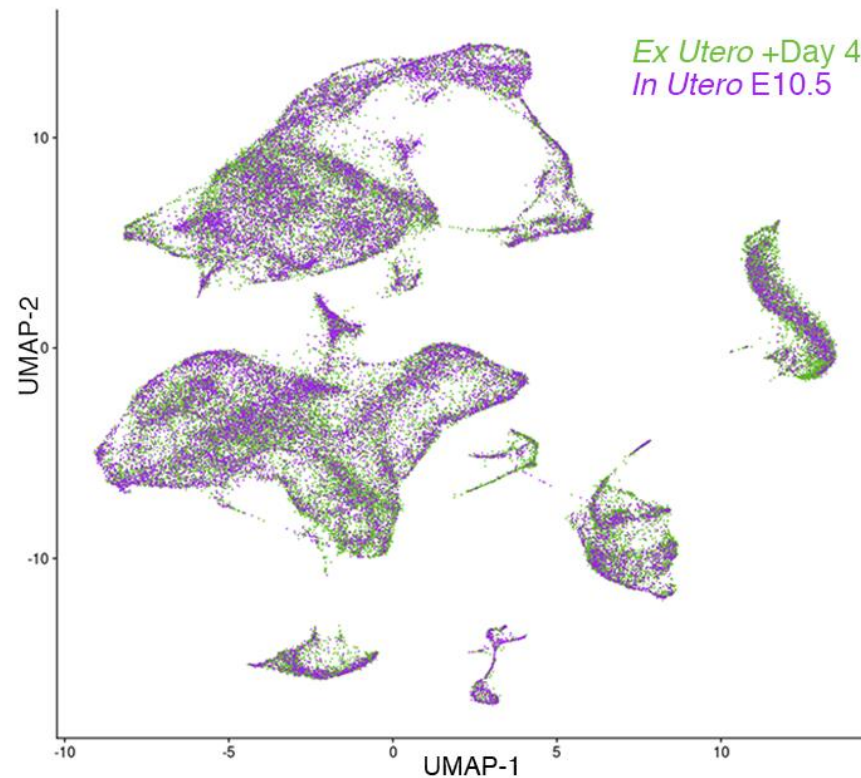
Pre-gastrulation



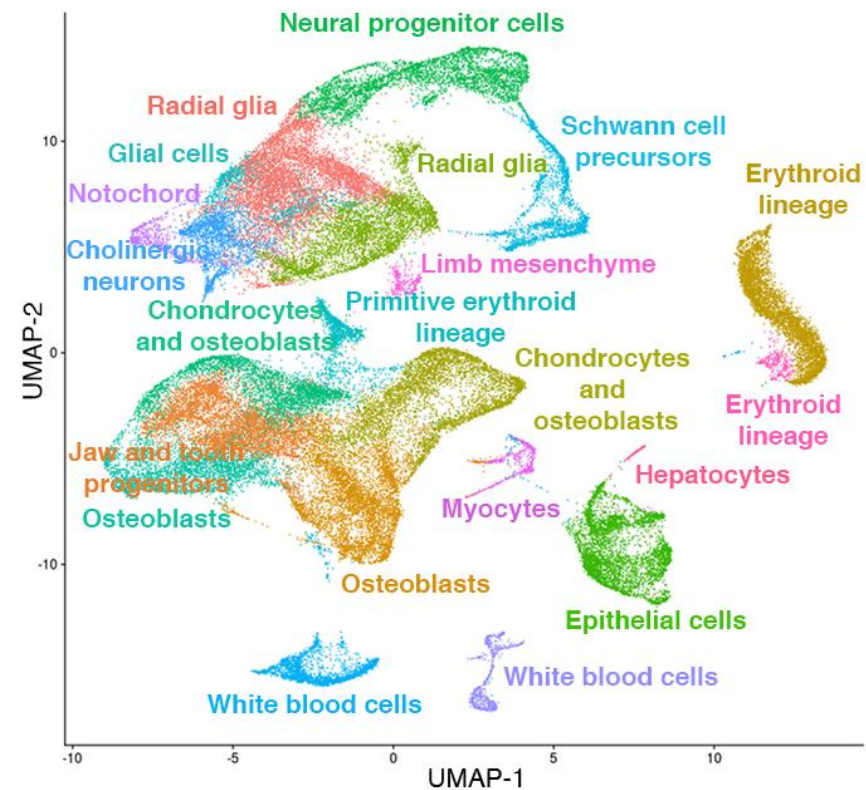
~20% efficiency

Do *ex utero* embryos present all cell lineages found in control *in utero* embryos?

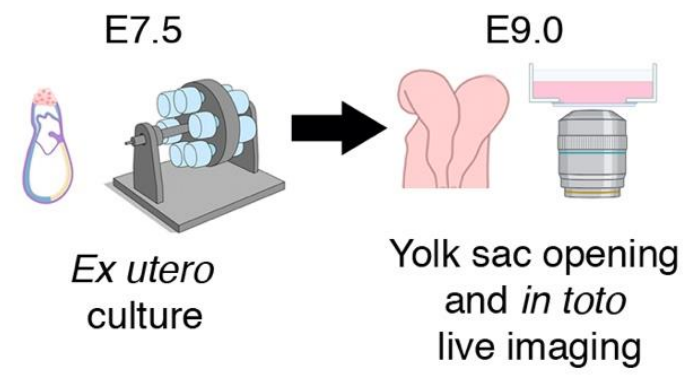
Single cell RNA-sequencing



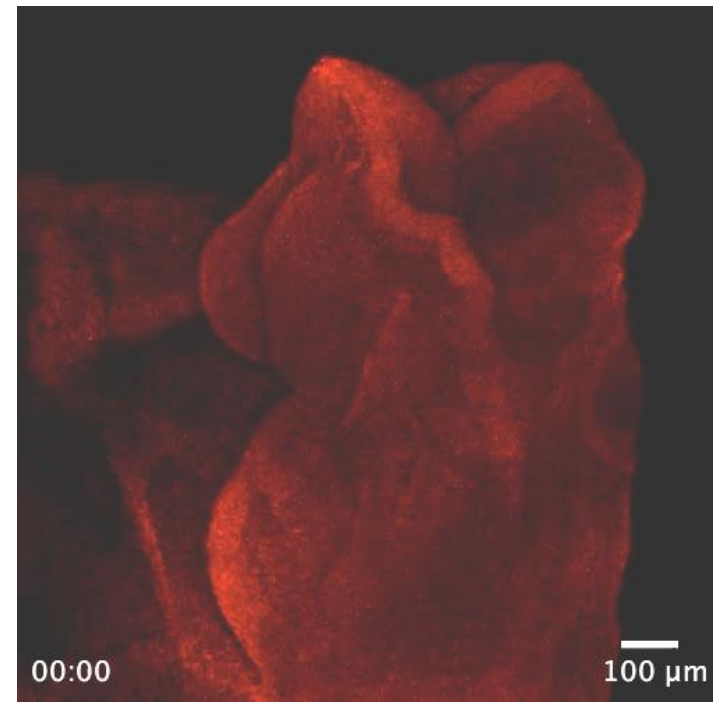
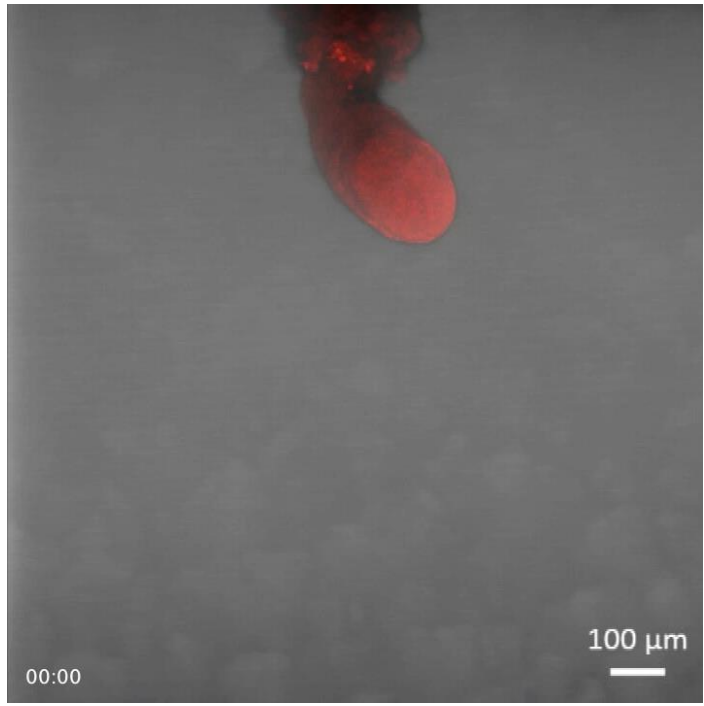
Cell types profile



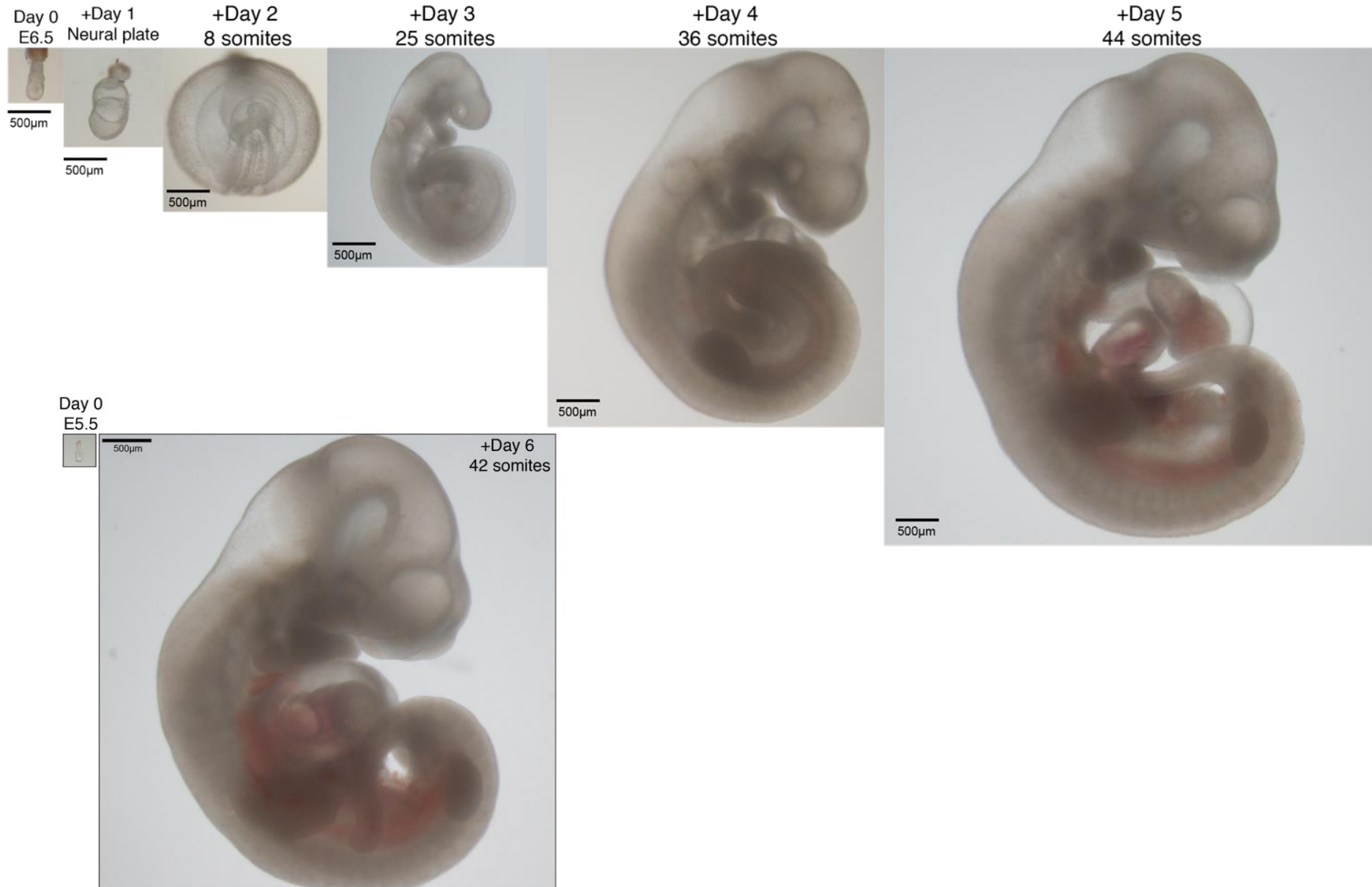
In toto live imaging of gastrulation and neural tube closure



E6.5 to E8.5



Embryo development without maternal interaction (self-organization)



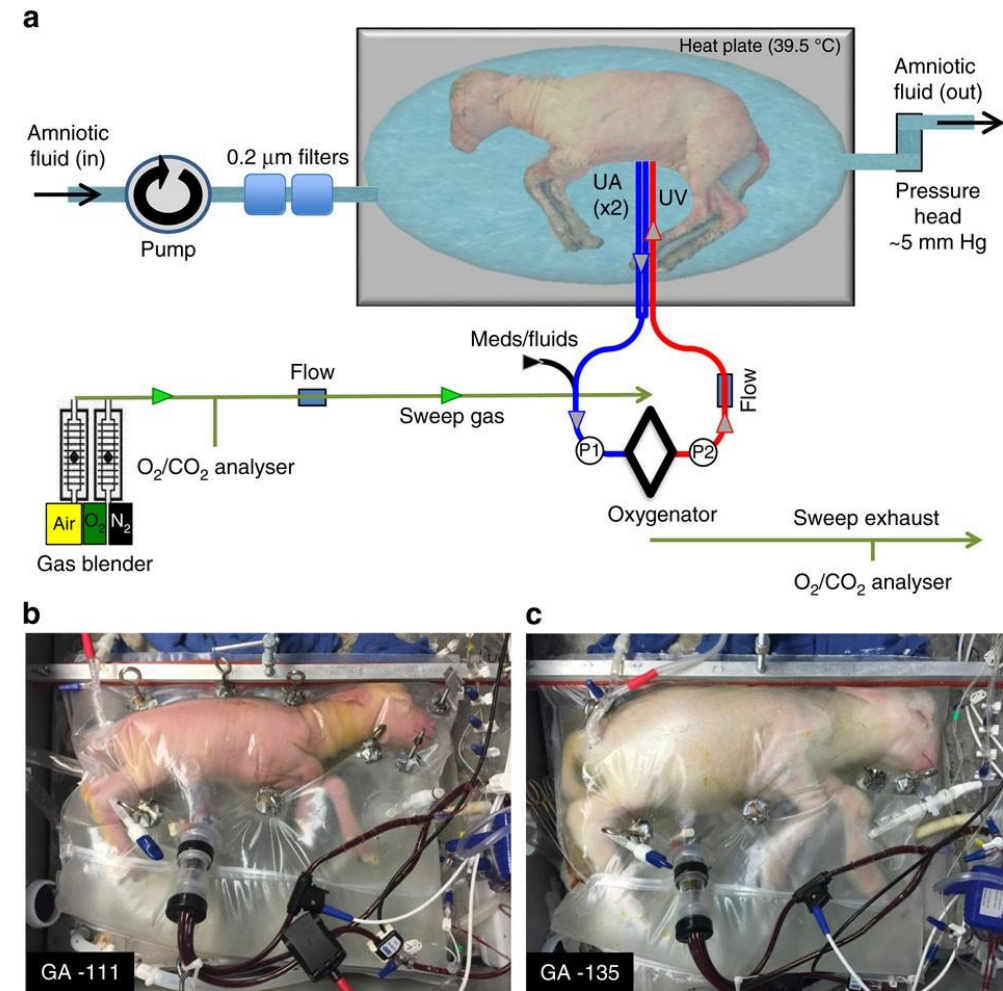
Efforts to Sustain Fetal Growth in-Vitro

Bigger animal models are required to reduce technical difficulties.

Adaptation of NICU technologies for feto-placental circulation

Support of premature fetal lambs in an extra-uterine device for up to 4 weeks.

Requiring continuous hemodynamic monitoring



In vitro culture of human embryos beyond implantation

LETTER

doi:10.1038/nature17948

Self-organization of the *in vitro* attached human embryo

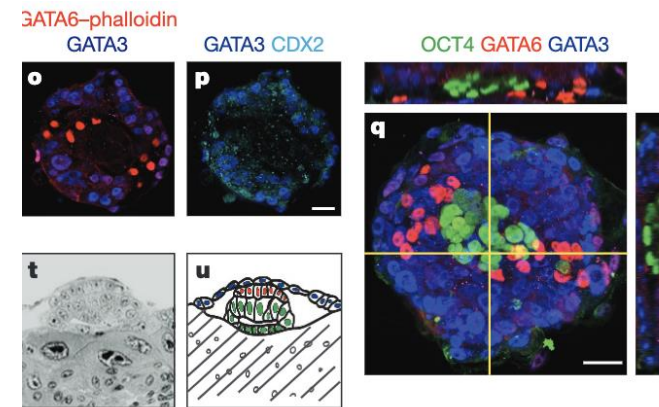
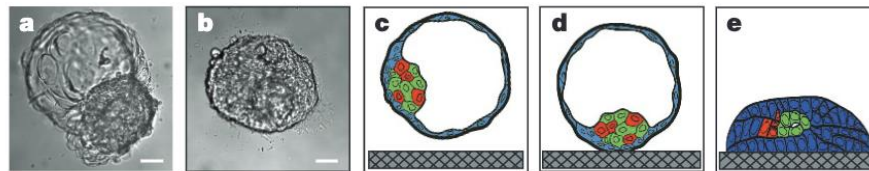
Alessia Deglincerti^{1*}, Gist F. Croft^{1*}, Lauren N. Pietila¹, Magdalena Zernicka-Goetz², Eric D. Siggia³ & Ali H. Brivanlou¹

TECHNICAL REPORT

nature
cell biology

Culture of human embryo from 6-14 days

Self-organization of the human embryo in the absence of maternal tissues



Low efficiency, short time in culture

Shahbazi et al. Nature Cell Biology, 2016
Deglincerti et al. Nature, 2016

How close are we to building an artificial uterus?

- Technologies have been generated to maintain up to half of mouse pregnancy outside the uterus.
- Early post-implantation embryo can be maintained up to advanced organogenesis
- Decreased embryo viability compared to intrauterine development
- Ectogenesis should be seen as a therapeutic option.
- Ex utero development of human embryos is limited due to ethical reasons, embryo size and pregnancy time
- Optimization of existing technologies and better understanding of embryonic nutrition are needed to take ectogenesis further.



Thank you!

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